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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The House naval committee will not report on bill to retire Naval Constructor Hobson. —Secretary Moody reports that the dry dock at Port Royal, S. C., which cost the government $5.3,331, has become worthless. —Jas. E. Wilcox was taken from Elizabeth City to Hertford, N. C., yesterday for trial. —Coal lands along Coal Creek, Tenn., are to be developed and branch lines to the mines constructed by the L. & N. railroad. —Plant of the Virginia-Carolina Company, at Richmond, Va., partly destroyed by fire; no estimate of loss. —Roosevelt's cabinet again considered the Indianola postoffice case. —Report that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain had been assassinated in South Africa is declared unfounded. —Six persons killed and thirteen injured in a train wreck near Moro, Ills. —Immense plant of the McClary Manufacturing Company, at London, Ont., destroyed by fire; loss $300,000. —Thirty-seven cases of plague at Mazatlan and six deaths occurred yesterday. —Southern Railway passenger train wrecked at McIntosh, Ga.; no lives lost. —N. Y. markets: Money on call quoted steady at 4@5 per cent; cotton—quiet at 8 90c; flour was steady with a fair demand; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 80½; corn—spot firm, No. 2 59c; oats—spot firm, No. 2 40c; rosin—firm; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 9.

Meteorological data for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperature: 8 A. M., 23 degrees; 8 P. M., 39 degrees; maximum, 45 degrees; minimum, 22 degrees; mean, 42 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 00; rainfall since 1st of month to date, 1.67.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. Thursday 14.8 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—For North Carolina: Fair Saturday, slowly rising temperature; Sunday rain, light variable winds.

Port Almanac—January 10.

Sun Rises	7.10 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.06 P. M.
Day's Length	9 H. 58 M.
High Water at Southport.	4.35 A. M.
High Water Wilmington.	7.05 A. M.

It has been asserted that "no man can make $1,000,000 honestly." We don't know about that, but we do know that we never did.

The death rate in New York city last year was only 18.74 a thousand, lower than ever before, attributed to better sanitary methods and better street cleaning.

The Baldwin Locomotive Works turned out last year 1,520 locomotives, worth $20,000,000. This was at the rate of one locomotive for every four working hours in the day.

Jules Verne was drawing on his munchausen imagination when he sent Phineas Fogg around the world in 80 days, but if Phin. were here now he would not have to wait long to whirl around in thirty days.

One of the quadrupedal attractions that will be at the St. Louis exposition will be a three-year-old female mule, a Missouri native, six feet high at the shoulders. What a reach she must have for a royal kicker.

Owen McCarthy, of Saratoga, who is supposed to be the oldest man in New York, celebrated his 103d birthday last Friday. In his youth immigrated from Ireland and brought a vigorous constitution with him.

The house painting business of the city of Leon, a place of 80,000, in Mexico, is on a boom. The authorities, scared by the plague in Mazatlan, have ordered that every house in the city be re-painted within a month.

This country bought from Germany last year $114,495,502 worth of truck, an increase of $14,878,770 over 1901, a pretty good reason why Kaiser William shouldn't hanker for a scrap with Uncle Sam.

Derby, Connecticut, at the last election elected a plumber mayor. The other day he left his work long enough to be sworn in and see the other town officers sworn in and then went plumb back to plumbing. They judge from this that as a representative of the workers he will plumb the line.

Du Paty de Clam has broken his clam-like silence by remarking that the Humbert swindlers were friends of Dreyfus, over whom so much fuss was made in France a couple years ago. But Paty is such a self confessed liar that no one would believe him if they thought he spoke the truth.

VALUABLE FRONT STREET LOT

Mr. J. H. Rehder Purchased Part of Cape Fear Club Property and Will Build Branch Store.

By deed filed for record yesterday at the Court House, the Cape Fear Club and the Peoples' Savings Bank transferred to John H. Rehder for $5,000, the northern portion of the Club lot on Front street, 118 feet north from Chesnut street and running along Front street 60 feet; thence westwardly 144 feet to and including a stone wall; southwardly along stone wall parallel with Front street 41 feet; eastwardly parallel with Chesnut street 29 feet; southwardly, parallel with Front street 19 feet and eastwardly parallel with Chesnut street, 115 feet to the beginning, together with a right of way of ten feet from Chesnut street to the eastern portion of the lot. The deed is signed by T. M. Emerson, president, and H. M. Chase, secretary, of the club, and H. C. McQueen, president, and F. W. Dick, cashier, of the People's Savings Bank.

It is understood that Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co., proprietors of the big department store, near Fourth street bridge, will erect a handsome building on the lot purchased by Mr. Rehder and that the firm will open in the same a branch store for the down-town trade. The building will be a handsome one and will be a substantial addition to that section as a business district.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Mlle. Zelie de Lussan and her company will arrive from Charleston on the Southern train to-day.

— The Poultry Show will continue untill 11 o'clock to-night. To-day will be ladies and children's day.

— The train from the North due here at 10:10 A. M. yesterday was two hours late on account of trouble with the flues of the engine, between Goldsboro and Warsaw.

— Albert Smith, a colored painter, was bound over to Superior Court yesterday by the Mayor, charged with the larceny of $8 from Norfus Bellamy, colored. Smith gave $50 bond for his appearance at the March term.

Rev. C. W. Trawick will conduct services at the First Presbyterian church to-morrow morning. Dr. Geo. C. Worth will conduct the services for Rev. Mr. Trawick at Immanuel church Sunday morning.

— The Star is under obligations to Mr. James D. Nutt for an exceedingly pretty calendar advertising the famous "Pyxie" toilet cream for the skin' of which he is the originator and sole proprietor.

— It is said that the Atlantic Coast Line has issued notice that all its station agents and telegraph operators will receive a substantial increase in salaries beginning next month. The amount of increase is said to average about 10 per cent.

— Jim Pugh, previously ordered by the Mayor to leave town for disorderly conduct in Dross Neck, was overheard to make incendiary remarks in the police station, and was sent to the roads for 30 days with instructions to "move on" when his term expires.

THE ANTI-SALOON MEETING.

Conference Last Night to Arrange for the Speaking on Next Friday Night.

At the conference of citizens at the Y. M. C. A. last night for the purpose of co-operating in the movement in the State by the Anti-Saloon League, Rev. J. N. Cole presided and plans were informally discussed for the mass meeting of citizens on next Friday night at which time Rev. J. A. Oates, of Fayetteville, and Rev. Dr. A. J. McKelway, of Charlotte, will address the voters of the city. Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell and Mr. W. H. Sprunt were appointed to arrange a programme for the occasion and Rev. J. N. Cole was appointed to preside. Mr. E. N. Penny was appointed to send notices of the speaking to all voters. Rev. J. A. Smith was appointed to look after press notices of the event.

Among those present at the meeting were Messrs. B. F. Hall, R. B. John, W. B. Cooper, E. S. Lathrop, J. L. Vipperman, J. W. Potter, R. H. Beery, G. B. Webster, J. A. Smith, Capt. W. F. Corbett, Dr. Geo. C. Worth and others.

Rev C. Boldt Dead.

News reached the city through the medium of a private telegram last night that the Rev. C. Boldt, of Charleston, S. C., had died in that city at 5 o'clock the same afternoon. The funeral will be conducted Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. This news will be deeply regretted by many friends here, as Rev. Mr. Boldt was a few years ago pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran Church, this city. He was very popular in Wilmington.

The Cutter Tuscarora.

The only tidings from the cutter *Tuscarora* yesterday came in a telegram from Southport stating that a steamer had been sighted off Bay beach at 4 P. M., which was thought to have been the *Tuscarora*. She had to go around Frying Pan shoals and was expected at Southport last night.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—To Justices of Peace.
Oakdale Cemetery Co.—Meeting.
Academy—"Village Postmaster."

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co.—Gas radiator.

AFFAIRS OF COMMERCE

Wilmington Business Men Had a Delightful Outing Yesterday on Wrightsville Sound.

SPECIAL EXCURSION CAR.

Mr. J Allen Taylor Presiding Officer at an Interesting Discussion of Business Subjects—Compulsory Pilotage Law—Addresses.

Members of the Chamber of Commerce enjoyed a delightful little jaunt to the seacoast yesterday afternoon and a wholesome, old-fashioned North Carolina oyster roast, prepared in most approved style at Stokley's, a resort widely known in this section for its manner of doing things to the "Queen's taste." The party left at 3 o'clock on a specially chartered car of the Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co., and returned to the city at 6 o'clock in the evening. The affair may well be said to have been one of the most pleasant of its kind in the history of the enterprising organization which gave it.

The Chamber, since its reorganization some time ago, has undertaken to cultivate a spirit of fellowship among the business men of the city and the several social events lately, one of which was that of yesterday afternoon, has gone a long way in that direction. President James H. Chadbourn accompanied the party and Mr. J. Allen Taylor made an excellent presiding officer. He was also one of the principal speakers upon the occasion, having for his theme the "community of interest," which the Chamber is endeavoring to develop. Mr. Taylor in calling the meeting to order, spoke as follows, interspersing his remarks with illustrative anecdotes and sparkling bits of humor that capitvated his auditors:

"A State has been defined as an aggregation of people with a community of interest. An aggregation of people in which community of interest is wanting, would be lacking in the essential element of a State. If community of interest is the essential element in a State, it follows that the greater the community of interest the more perfect and ideal the State. If this be true of the State, how much truer is it of a municipal community. Every member of such a community bears a certain and inseparable relation to the whole, and no member of such a society can escape his obligation, tho' he may default in his duty. In the last analysis every municipal community is a stockholding company, in which the elements may be roughly grouped into preferred stockholders, common stockholders and bondholders. The wealth producing element classes as preferred stockholders, the non-wealth producing element as the common stockholder and the banking element the bondholders. Every member of such a society who is not a wealth producer is a dead weight, as in the nature of the case he cannot be a nonentity. So intimate, indeed, is the relationship between the members of a community, that no material loss can fall on any considerable number that does not impose a loss on some others, and, possibly, on all the others. Take for illustration a town with two banks. One of them suspends, and for the time being so much effective capital is wiped out. Should the bank eventually pay to depositors as much as 50 per cent., the loss of 50 per cent. does not begin to measure the full loss to the community, for while liquidation is going on practically the full amount for which the bank has failed is withdrawn from circulation and rendered unproductive. Then again the community is subjected to the loss growing out of the forced payment by creditors of the failed bank, many of whom are engaged in active enterprises and find it impossible to get accommodation from the surviving bank to the extent of their requirements. For the surviving bank becomes cautious from the necessity of the case. If expansion of credits is undertaken on a liberal scale depositors become timorous and a run on the bank becomes imminent. In order, then, that such creditors of the failed bank may be accommodated to any appreciable extent the surviving bank may find it necessary to cut down the lines of its regular customers. This phase of community of interest is not so tangible and is not as generally considered as the other phase—the public aspect of the subject. From the standpoint of public policy, co-operation is had to compass measures of recognized public utility. Speaking through commercial organization the community procures harbor and river improvement, which affect freight and insurance rates, and those economies enable exporters to pay better prices for cotton, with the result that the purchasing power of the consumer is enhanced. Again, organized effort procures good government, better streets, better fire protection, lower rates of interest, lower insurance rates and lower rates of taxation. These economics combined cheapen living and increase the purchasing power of the members of the community.

Community of interest is promoted through freer intercourse between the members of a community, and this meeting this evening is designed to further the ends of community of interest. The meeting is open to every member present, whose privilege it will be to speak, and speak well.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Taylor's remarks, Mr. Hugh MacRae, of the banking house of Hugh MacRae & Co. and president of the C. R., L. & P. Co., was called upon, but he gave way to Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, who spoke extemporaneously of business conditions in Wilmington just after the war and now, drawing a happy comparison in favor of the present. The cultivation of a friendly feeling among the business men of the city was commented upon and the speaker said this condition had become especially noticeable since the late reorganization of the Chamber of Commerce. He referred to the wonderful achievement in the establishment of the trolley line to the beach, and said he thought the gentlemen who conceived and executed that great project were deserving of much credit.

Mr. Hugh MacRae was the next speaker. He said several years ago it would have been impossible to have talked with any effect of general business improvement in Wilmington, such as is now being done. He had studied Wilmington for the past 20 years and always felt that the tide would turn. Two or three years ago a system of public improvements of streets was inaugurated and it had been of incalculable benefit to the city in the distribution of money among the working classes and in the enhancement of the value of real estate. This was followed by the expenditure in Wilmington of between $15,000 and $20,000 in the installation of a system of sanitary sewerage. A number of new residences have been built, largely through the local building and loan associations, and he felt now as if the tide had turned and Wilmington will be greatly benefitted "in spite of herself."

The speaker did not think that the opportunities of the present for the improvement of general business conditions should be allowed to pass. The South will have the greatest wave of prosperity she has ever experienced and Wilmington should endeavor to lead the procession. Mr. MacRae said there had been more transfers of property in the past few months than in years before and that was another indication of prosperity. He was firmly convinced that the building of a tobacco warehouse would be of a great advantage to the city and would be made to pay if properly managed. Personally, he would like to see the capital of the warehouse company doubled. The recent purchase of the L. & N. by the Atlantic Coast Line, he thought, would eventually result in better freight rates from the West. The local banks are extremely prosperous and Wilmington is known for some distance as a financial centre.

Too much importance, he said, could not be attached to the development of Wrightsville. He was recently shown a list of places represented by persons at the beach last Summer and it embraced nearly every city in the South. The railroads have shown a disposition to assist in this development. Last year the congestion of people at the beach was so great that the tide receded and the speaker thought it would be still greater this season and new hotels would be extremely profitable. He also thought a Winter hotel would be a safe investment on account of the favorable climate here and proximity to Eastern cities. Visitors attracted here would naturally see opportunities that home folks were blind to and would have capital to develop them. Mr. MacRae referred to the similarity of the Hammocks and Venice, at one time the centre of finance, art and commerce.

Mr. MacRae said he believed the Atlantic Coast Line would give Wilmington all facilities to meet her requirements and that the fact that we are not on the "main line" is advantageous, rather than otherwise, as the city now has four roads terminating here. These would be dead ends if the railroad didn't do something to develop Wilmington.

Mr. McRae favored the proposition of the city to pay one-third of the cost of granolithic pavements laid by property owners and elaborated upon the desirability of such an improvement, complimenting Mayor J. A. Arringdale, of the town of Wrightsville Beach, for the board walks built there last Summer. Continuing, the speaker said Wilmington's prime advantage was its seaport and in that connection he took occasion to comdemn the compulsory pilotage law, saying that it restricted the city's growth perhaps more than anything else. It was not so much the charges on what shipping was handled here, but what a large amount excessive fees drove away.

Mr. H. K. Nash, of Paterson, Downing & Co., was the next speaker. He referred to the large naval stores interest of the port and said more than a million dollars is paid out in Wilmington in that industry each year.

Mr. J. A. Arringdale was the next speaker and his remarks were brimful of humor. He grew serious, however, in approaching the compulsory pilotage matter and declared the law was shameful. On vessels drawing 20 feet or more of water, the pilots could exact whatever fees they chose. He said the Cape Fear Lumber Co. had ten million feet of lumber on its yards for shipment and one reason it could not be moved was excessive pilotage fees; no vessels ever come here looking for a cargo without charter, as they do to more favored ports.

At the conclusion of Mr. Arringdale's remarks it was decided to hold a general meeting of the Chamber next Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock to discuss the pilotage matter more fully.

There were closing remarks by Messrs. L. B. Rogers, I. M. Bear, G. J. Boney, President Chadbourn and Mr. J. K. Corbett, commercial agent in Wilmington of the C. & O. Railroad. All these remarks were pertinent to the subjects treated and were given most respectful attention.

Wagon and Trolley Car.

A delivery wagon owned by Mr. Geo. Hutaff was smashed on Front street, just in front of the Racket Store, about noon yesterday by car No. 16, of the C. R. L. & P. Co. W. M. Cromwell manager, for Mr. Hutaff, was slightly injured; a negro named Geo. Moore was also bruised to some extent and three of the wagon wheels were demolished. An investigation of the wreck will be made to-day.

I have purchased the photographic business, conducted heretofore by Mr. Paul M. Taylor, and with it the entire stock, instruments, negatives, etc. The studio is now open for sittings and only the highest grade of work will be made. Duplicate photos can be had at any time from negatives taken by Mr. Taylor. O. E. Vale, 104 Princess St., successor to P. M. Taylor.

GRAND JURY INDICTS.

Twenty-three True Bills Returned Yesterday Against Operators of Slot Machines.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Order by Judge Peebles That Will Silence the Music in Most of Them—$200 Bonds Required—The Term Adjourned in the Afternoon.

As a result of the investigation by the grand jury of the Superior Court, which was begun Friday and noted exclusively in these columns yesterday morning, twenty-three true bills were returned against operators of slot machines in Wilmington, upon the adjournment of the term yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. Judge Peebles ordered that a capias be issued for each defendant and that each be required to give bond of $200 for his appearance at the March term. Eighteen of the true bills were returned against Mr. S. F. Harmon, and one each was against Messrs. C. D. Gore, J. S. Sneeden, H. H. Woebse, F. M. Brown and J. W. Turner.

The bond of $200 is not in each case but against each defendant, who, of course, will enter the plea that the machines are licensed by both city and county and were regarded as perfectly legitimate.

In making his order in the cases Judge Peebles instructed the sheriff to say to each defendant arrested that if it shall appear to his satisfaction that any of them, after arrest, has continued to unlawfully operate a machine and such defendant is convicted he will consider his conduct a defiance of the law and will punish him accordingly. This clause of the order, it is believed, will have the effect to stop the operation of all machines in the city, except those not reached by the grand jury in its rather hurried, but reasonably thorough investigation.

When the cases were called yesterday afternoon Solicitor Duffy arose and said:

"If Your Honor please: In the prosecutions in the slot machine cases, I do not desire to take the cases up out of the ordinary course of business, the bills having been found at the present term of court on presentment. There has been, however, so much complaint at the running of these slot machines and the last grand jury having asked that an investigation be made into their legality, I do not desire to leave anything undone which will result in bringing the cases to a hearing at the earliest time possible. I will, therefore, ask your honor in each case for a capias instanter for the defendants."

Judge Peebles replied to Mr. Duffy as follows:

"I do not feel willing, Mr. Solicitor, to pursue the unusual course of issuing instanter writs for the arrest of parties charged with the unlawful running of slot machines. It would look too much like I had prejudged the cases and assumed the guilt of defendants, whereas the law which it is my duty to execute, presumes every one innocent until his guilt is proven. Besides, such defendants would be entitled to a continuance if they asked for it. I will, however, instruct the clerk to issue an instanter capias in each case and the sheriff to say to each defendant arrested, that if it shall appear to my satisfaction that any defendant after arrest has continued to unlawfully run a slot machine and such defendant is convicted, I will consider his conduct a defiance of the law and punish him accordingly. A bond of $200 shall be required of each defendant to secure his appearance at the March term of this court. The clerk and sheriff will take notice of this order."

Most of the capiases for the arrest of parties against whom true bills were found were served by Sheriff Stedman yesterday and the defendants promptly gave bond.

The court again yesterday found itself patiently awaiting results from the grand jury room. A large number of witnesses were examined there during the day and the first batch of indictments came up at noon. Later the final results came as Court was about to adjourn for the term.

The only case called during the day was that of Aaron High, colored, of Federal Point township charged with the larceny of an ax from, a Bladen county negro last December. The case was continued for defendant's witness and defendant was required to give $50 justified bond or remain in jail. An order was made for forfeiture of the bond of Jim Townsend, colored, charged several months ago with rocking an A. C. L. excursion train. The grand jury came into court and made its report as follows:

"*Hon. R. B. Peebles, Judge, Fifth Judicial District.*

"SIR:—Your grand jury beg to report that we have carefully investigated all matters coming before us. We have made 23 presentments; returned 53 true bills and three not true bills; four were returned for lack of witnesses.

"A committee from this jury visited the county home and jail and found both institutions in good condition. A few necessary repairs are recommended at the County Home. The Court House was thoroughly examined and found in satisfactory condition.

"Respectfully submitted,

"THE GRAND JURY.

"DEWITT C. LOVE, Foreman,
"H. E. BONITZ, Secretary."

— The Grand Lodge of Masons will hold its annual meeting in Raleigh Tuesday, the 13th. A great number of prominent Masons will be in Raleigh at that time.

CAPE FEAR CAMP VETERANS.

Regular Monthly Meeting Held Last Night. Arrangements for Gen. Lee's Birthday Celebration.

The regular monthly meeting of Cape Fear Camp No. 254, U. C. V., was held last night in the W. L. I. armory, Commander Woodward presiding and Adjutant A. L. DeRosset at his post.

Bishop Watson by request of the Commander led in prayer and minutes of preceding special and regular meetings were read and approved. The Adjutant reported all official letters and acts of himself and the Commander since last meeting and same were approved.

Application for membership from Calvin Reaves, Co. G., 61st N. C. Regiment, was read and favorably acted upon.

Officials communications from Gen. Gordon and Maj. Gen. Carr were read and ordered on file. These communications referred particularly to the loss of the veterans in the death of Adjutant General Moorman and their headquarters were ordered furnished a copy of the memorial already adopted by the Camp upon the death of Gen. Moorman.

Surgeon McMillan, chairman of the Sick Committee, reported that the condition of Comrade Roberts was somewhat improved, though he is still critically ill. Vice Commander Henry Savage's condition was also reported critical.

The committee on the celebration of Gen. Lee's birthday reported that definite arrangements had been made for that event and that Gen. Matt Ransom had consented to deliver the address.

The Adjutant was instructed to tender the thanks of the camp to Mr. W. D. McMillan, Jr., for the free use of carriages for Gen. Gordon and his escort upon Gen. Gordon's recent visit to the city.

Commander Woodward reported that as a member of Gen. Gordon's staff, he would attend a meeting in New Orleans on Jan. 19th for the purpose of electing a successor to the late lamented Adjutant General Moorman.

Cape Fear Camp has taken on new life lately and the membership has increased to 138. The meeting last night was an enthusiastic one.

LOCAL MARKET AND SHIPPING.

Movement of Vessels, Sailings, Arrivals and Navy Stores Port—Cotton builders.

Schooner *Mabel I* ..g, hence for Nassau, B. W. I. w cargo of lumber and other mat passed out at Southport at 10:2 yesterday.

Standard Oil ..L is the ..57, in tow of the tug *Abo* .., proceeded yesterday to Charles.., S. C. The tug is one of the most handsome that has ever visited this port.

Cotton receipts for the week ended yesterday were 9,136 bales; same week last year, 8,983 bales. Crop year receipts to date are 283,243 bales against only 214,702 bales during a corresponding period last season.

The British steamer *Mountby*, Captain Payne, from Wilmington, N. C., for Bremen, before reported towed in to Fayal, Azores, by British steamer *Ely*, with broken tail shaft and with loss of propeller, must discharge cargo and have propeller shaft taken out.

The local naval store market was very strong yesterday. Spirits went to 54½ cents, leading Savannah, with that price; rosin advanced to $1.40 and $1.45 per barrel and crude was firm at $1.80 and $3.10 per barrel. Except spirits, there was a falling off from last year in receipts for the crop week ended yesterday. During the crop year, however, to this date there have been gains in all items except tar, which is short of last year by about 3,500 barrels.

Married in Timmonsville, S. C.

Mr. Thos. W. Pridgen, the popular Atlantic Coast Line station agent at Brinkley, N. C., and Miss Grace Frizelle, of Timmonsville, S. C., were quietly married on Wednesday night at 9 o'clock at the residence of Mr. L. T. Kershaw, of Timmonsville. The ceremony was witnessed by only a few friends and relatives but was a very pretty one indeed. The bride has a number of relatives and friends in Wilmington who will be much interested in this announcement. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Pridgen left for Pembroke, N. C., where they will visit for a few days, later going to Brinkley, their future home.

New Clyde Liner Coming.

The Clyde steamer *Geo. W. Clyde*, which will sail to-day for New York, has been transferred to the Boston and Jacksonville line of the Clyde Steamship Co. and the steamer *Carib* will replace her on the Providence, New York, Wilmington and Georgetown line. The *Carib* has never been on this line before. She is a 1,280 tons vessel, 288.4 feet long, 36.2 feet beam, 23.4 feet depth of hold. She has passenger accommodations and is in charge of Captain I. K. Chichester, who is well and popularly known in Wilmington.

Magistrates Meet To-day Noon.

Magistrates of the county are asked not to forget the meeting of the Board of Justices of New Hanover to be held in the Court House to-day at noon for the purpose of electing a commissioner to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. F. A. Montgomery. The only name the Star has heard mentioned in connection with the place is that of Mr. R. A. Montgomery, a brother of Mr. F. A. Montgomery who resigned.

SENATORIAL CAUCUS.

Three Ballots After Midnight This Morning Results in No Nomination.

A RECESS UNTIL MONDAY.

At Raleigh the Battle is On for Highest Office in Gift of State—Morton, of New Hanover, Presiding—The Nominating Speeches.

By the long distance service of the Bell Telephone Company the Star received this morning its first information of a dead-lock in the Democratic Legislative caucus at Raleigh, in session to nominate a United States Senator to succeed Pritchard, whose term expires next March. Three ballots had been taken at 1 o'clock when a recess was taken until Monday night at 8 o'clock. The ballots were as follows:

	1st.	2nd.	3rd.
Overman	43	45	50
Watson	37	38	38
Craig	29	32	28
Carr	17	14	15
Hoke	9	7	5
Alexander	8	8	8
	143	144	144

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 9.—The caucus decided to limit nominating speeches to ten minutes and seconding speeches to five minutes. Geo. L. Morton, permanent chairman, presided.

Gen. Thos. F. Davidson put in nomination Locke Craige, declaring him to be a man of such superb courage and calm wisdom that he can throttle that form of greed and avarice that would interfere with the peace and happiness of the people. As a campaigner, his voice rang from one end of the State to the other. He, in the morning of mature life, possessed a strong physical constitution, a well stored mind and was in complete accord with the people and their needs and demands.

R. A. Doughton, of Alleghany, nominated C. B. Watson, declaring that we have arrived at a stage of politics when the last Republican from North Carolina is to be removed from the Congressional halls. "I name a man," he said, "who combines all the qualities of head and heart that make a fine Senator. He was not only great as a soldier but as a lawyer and has demonstrated in an honorable degree that his profession is a great one. He is great as a Democrat. In 1896, when a dark gloom hung over the State, he was chosen as leader, though it was with a forlorn hope, but as a true soldier he made the fight. Is there a sense of gratitude in the Democratic party? I think there is."

Murphy, of Rowan, placed Lee S. Overman before the caucus. He said Overman is known all over the State as well qualified to wear the toga of Vance or Ransom. He is an eloquent speaker, an able man who combines all the necessary traits of head, heart and character to make a sterling representative of the people in the United States Senate. Hoey, of Cleveland, nominated Judge W. A. Hoke. Among all great names in North Carolina, none shines brighter than that of Hoke. If elected he will tower among the ablest members of the Senate. He's a great jurist, with powerful brain force. In character he would be highly acceptable to all the people of the State.

Senator London, of Chatham, presented Gen. Julian S. Carr, saying his name is a household word where patriotism is nurtured. Throughout North Carolina you can find no man who has done more to build up the State.

The following seconding speeches were made: For Carr, McNeil, of Scotland; Smith, of Gates; Lucas, of Hyde. For Watson, Williams, of Union; Burton, of Rockingham; Baldwin, of Forsyth. For Craig, Mitchell, of Bertie; Daughtridge, of Edgecombe; Self, of Catawba; Woodley, of Chowan. For Overman, White, of Franklin; Dockery, of Richmond; Newland, of Caldwell; Travis, of Halifax. For Hoke, Quickell, of Lincoln. For Alexander, King, of Pitt.

DELIGHTFUL IMPROMPTU GERMAN.

Given Last Night in Hibernian Hall—A Charming Social Affair.

A delightful impromptu german was given last night in Hibernian Hall by a number of young men of the city, complimentary to their lady friends. The decorations were very pretty and the event was a charming social affair. Mr. Paul Cantwell led the figures in an artistic manner and among the couples participating were the following:

Miss Daisy Burbank, Mr. Willie Gore; Miss Sarah Catlett, Mr. Ed Holmes; Miss Margaret Ashe, Mr. Norwood Giles; Miss Annie Hill Holmes, Mr. James Gause; Miss Lillie Sears, Mr. Willie Watters; Miss Laura Clark, Mr. Charles Muncaster; Miss Mary Belle Sneed, Mr. Paul Cantwell; Miss Hattie French, Mr. Allie J. Mitchell; Miss Margaret Walker, Mr. Eugene LeGrand; Miss Leonora Cantwell, Mr. Norwood Huske; Miss Beulah Armstrong, Mr. George Parsley; Miss Jones, of Danville, Mr. Tom Gause; Miss Alice LeGrand, Mr. Pierre Holmes.

Stags—Messrs. E. S. Nash, Fred Furpless, Emmett Crow, Zach Bell, Willie Moore, Ernest Peschau, H. G. Smallbones, Jr., and F. C. West.

FIRE AT ST. MARY'S SCHOOL.

Hospital Building Destroyed — Patients Escaped Through Windows.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan.—Fire at St. Mary's School this evening destroyed the hospital building, causing a $1,500 loss; partially covered by insurance. Seven patients, none of them seriously ill, were safely removed, three of them through windows, owing to the rapid spread of the flames through the halls. The origin of the fire is not known.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by J. C. Shepard.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

— Mrs. D. E. Winstead returned to Washington yesterday after a visit to her father, Mr. C. G. Southerland.

— Mrs. John H. Gore, Jr., and little daughter, Arabella, have returned from a delightful visit to Franklin, Va.

— Mrs. C. E. Borden returned to Richmond yesterday after a visit to her parents, Col. and Mr. Jno. D. Taylor.

— Mr. P. Heinsberger, Jr., returned yesterday from Pinehurst, N. C., where he has been in the interest of his company.

— Miss Rena Canady has returned to her home at Scott's Hill after a stay of two weeks, with her sister Mrs. John William Smith.

— Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell went on the steamer *Southport* yesterday afternoon to conduct services for the soldiers at Fort Caswell last night.

— Numerous friends of Esquire Wm. McD. Evans were glad to greet him on the streets again yesterday after an illness of three weeks with la grippe.

BARN AND STABLES BURNED.

Building on Mr. B. F. Keith's Premises Destroyed Yesterday.

The barn and stables of Mr. B. F. Keith, at the rear of his residence, No. 215 North Fourth street, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. All the live stock in the building was saved by Mrs. Keith and she made a heroic effort to save a fine buggy under the shed, but was driven away by the heat. The loss on the building is $150 and that on the contents, $350, with no insurance. The buggy, several sets of harness and a quantity of feed were among the articles destroyed. The fire originated from the careless use of matches by children on the premises. When the fire department arrived the building was a light blaze and the wind was blowing almost a gale.

Chief Schnibben, of the Department, desires to say in connection with the fire that those who turn in alarms are always requested to remain at the box and direct the firemen to the scene of the fire. The crowding of people around a fire, prohibiting the firemen from doing their work expeditiously, is an offence against the law which the Department does not look upon with favor.

A DELIGHTFUL MUSICAL FEATURE.

It Will Accompany Production of "The Village Postmaster" Wednesday.

A notable feature in connection with the magnificent production of "The Village Postmaster" to be given at the Academy next Wednesday night, will be an exceptionally splendid musical programme to be rendered by the theatre's superb orchestra, under the leadership of Prof. Hollowbush, which will be as follows:

March, Alakazan.....Holzman.
Overture, Poet and Peasant....Suppe.
Forge and Forest.....Descriptive.
Break of day. Birds singing. The forge in full operation.
Prince of Pilsen.....Luders.
March, Dreamy Eyes.....Lampe.

The sale of seats will commence at Plummer's Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Annual Meeting.

Of the lot owners of Oakdale Cemetery Company will be held at the company's office, 2 Princess street, on Monday evening, January the 12th, at 8 o'clock.
RICHARD J. JONES, Secretary and Treasurer.
January 7th, 1903. jan 10 2t

Secure a House!
I HAVE FOR SALE
Dwellings and Vacant Lots
in any part of the city desired. Cash or time payment to suit buyer.
D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.
Jan 8 tf

NOTICE.

Call us up over Inter-State Telephone ONLY, No. 317.

THE GEO. L. MORTON CO.
jan 7 1w

Y. M. C. A.

Saturday Evening, January 10th,
Attraction Extraordinary.
M'LLE ZELIE DE LUSSAN
IN SONG RECITAL.
By special guarantee this great artist while on her transcontinental tour gives one recital in our city.
Seats on sale at Dellconnet's Book Store Tuesday morning. Reserved seats for members of the "Star Course" $1.00; non-members of same $1.50. General admission to all $1.00.
jan 4 3t th sat

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
GRAND EVENT.
WEDNESDAY NIGHT, JAN. 14,
"The Village Postmaster."
A magnificent production by the original Metropolitan company and with the same elaborate scenic effects.
TWO CAR LOADS OF SCENERY. TWO.
227 Nights in New York.
125 Nights in Chicago.
100 Nights in Boston.
Seats on sale at Plummer's Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. No advance in prices.
jan 10 3t sat su we

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the Justices of the Peace of New Hanover county, Saturday, the 10th inst., 12 o'clock, in the Court House, for the purpose of electing a Commissioner to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Commissioner F. A. Montgomery.
By order of Board County Commissioners. D. McEACHERN, Chairman.
jan 10 1t

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING JAN 10

"THE WHITE MAN'S BURDEN."

We do not hear much of the Philippines now, since actual hostilities ceased, and there are no longer Filipino armies to fight or to chase. Therefore, the islands are said to be in a peaceful state and the work of preparing the people for civil government is going on, and some of them are showing a disposition to become good Americans, especially such as hope to personally profit by it.

The last report of Judge Taft, civil Governor, does not present a very roseate picture of the archipelago, which with impoverishment of the people, the changes in their financial system, the revolution in the trade system resulting from American rule and an American tariff, with the rinderpest which killed their cattle, and hunger among many bordering on starvation, and the cholera visitation which swept away thousands upon thousands and is still claiming many victims daily, they have been on the rough and ragged edge, added to which bands of "ladrones" and "brigands" are a terror to all peaceably disposed persons. These seem to be more difficult to suppress than the organized armies were, and are making the task of complete pacification and the general establishment of civil government a difficult and a tedious one.

Some of the administration organs commenting upon this report have come to the conclusion that it will be a good while before real peace and law and order can be established in that domain, and they are doubtless right.

The fact is that we undertook a very large sized job when we entered upon the work of "benevolent assimilation" with those brown-skinned mongrels and Asiatics, not one in a hundred of whom has the remotest conception of the character of the American people or of the Government which claims their allegiance. While there may be some of them, with more or less European blood in their veins, and possibly some of native stock who have enjoyed advantages of liberal education and intercourse with peoples of other nationalities, who are capable of ruling, the masses are not and never will be capable of ruling in any manner to approximate the American or European idea of what government ought to be.

An English writer who has spent several years among the Malays, who he says are in every respect similar to the majority of Filipinos, has contributed an article to McMillan's Magazine, on the "White Man's Burden," and the "Philippine Destiny" in which he contends that Filipinos are incapable of self-government and never will be capable of any government to approximate the American or European idea of what government should be. Speaking of his residence among the Malays and his opportunities for observation and study of them and their methods of government he says:

It was my lot to live for some two years in a Malayan State under native rule, to be for a considerable period the only white man in the country, and to be thus admitted a witness to the actual working of an administration controlled entirely by brown men. Of the nature of that administion I can, therefore, speak with authority, and subsequent experience has proved to me that it was merely typical of other similar governments. It would be tedious to examine in detail the machinery of misrule the abuses, the barbarities the injustices and the misery for which that misrule was responsible. Suffice it to say that a might was the only law, that a man's possessions were his so long, and so long only, as he had the strength to hold them, and that such government as there was existed solely as a means of forcing exactions from the peasantry, and of satisfying the desires and lusts of the rajahs and nobles. In fact, here, as elsewhere throughout Asia, the brown man displayed his complete indifference to the feelings and sufferings of others, provided that his own comfort were duly attended to; those possessed of power regarded it solely as a source of profit and personal gratification; the idea of responsibility toward the ruled never so much as occurred to the rulers, and anything in the nature of altruism was a virtue undreamed of. The details do not signify—in any semi-barbarous community much must befall that is revolting to the European's sense of right, justice and propriety; but the main fact stands out from the background of misery with a distinctness that cannot be blinked—the fact that, left to himself, the brown man never has been, and presumably never will be, able to rule his fellows as white men require that their governments should rule them.

He then draws a pen picture of the Filipino and the difficulty of transforming him into some sort of another being, Europeanized Americanized or modernized, so to speak, as follows:

The fundamental illusion is that the Filipino has in him, lying latent, it is true, but capable of development, the qualities which go to make a citizen of the United States. The theory—magnificent as in this workday world only theory can be—is that these qualties can be brought, as it were, into full bearing by means of moral, intellectual and political education. The dream is that when these political and moral qualities have been thus artificially produced the Filipino, transformed almost suddenly into a sort of brown European, will be found to be capable of autonomy, or even of independence under the Stars and Stripes.

Now, all this reminds one of an arch, complete in every detail, save only that the keystone has been omitted. On paper, possibly, it looks beautiful and without flaw, but put to the rough test of practice the noble edifice will crumble into a heap of unsightly ruins, for in the government of men the keystone—the one thing that matters—is human nature, and especially those phases of human nature which are manifested by the particular race which it is desired to rule. Yet it is precisely this all important factor in the situation which American statesmen appear most persistently to ignore. One cannot but pay a tribute of admiration to the generosity which impels practical men to leave out of their calculations those innate limitations which doom the Malayan races to the occupation of an inferior position as compared with the white peoples. It is magnificent, without a doubt, but most emphatically it is not war.

The truth is that the government of a brown race is a task which does not easily fit into place amid the theories, principles, practices and institutions of a republican community. Government, we take it, has for its sole object the greater good of the greater number of those who are submitted to it; and if this be admitted, self-government by the Asiatics is at once declared to be an impossibility. The ledger wherein is written the history of the European invasion of the East holds many things—too many of them, alas, terrible and little to the credit of the superior race; yet from those bewildering records of experience two facts emerge clearly. The first is that the rule of brown men by brown men means anarchy, oppression, misery, bloodshed and a hideous tale of wrong; the second that peace, prosperity and happiness can be secured to such a people only when a strong, just and impartial government has been imposed upon them by a white race which, acting unselfishly and with a paternal care for the welfare of all classes of the community, sets the balance true between contending factions and interests, and orders the destiny of all more wisely than the natives are capable of doing on their own account. Here we are no longer in the domain of theory, for scattered up and down Asia are object lessons innumerable, and even the most casual student of Oriental history can read the message written thereon in such unmistakable characters.

This man seems to be a sort of Rudyard Kipling, and has no very high opinion of the mental capacity or moral endowment of the brown man, or of any of the Asiatic races whether brown, yellow or mixed. From his standpoint, measuring them with a European or American rule, he is probably right. It took his ancestors a good many centuries to evolute into the modern Briton and with all our boasted intelligence and capacity for self rule it was nearly two centuries after English settlement in North America before self rule was proclaimed, and we have not thoroughly mastered it yet. Why then should the Eastern brown men who have never had any opportunity be judged by the American or European standard? There are a good many Americans who will agree with this English writer as to the incapacity of the Filipinos for self government and that is the reason given to justify holding them in a condition of dependency, but if so, why persist in the effort to accomplish the impossible and hold out to those people the hope that they may sometime be granted self-rule, and that we intend to do for them more than any Government has ever done for any of the tropical races? Why talk of "benevolent assimilation" when that kind or any other kind of assimilation is simply impossible? Why burden ourselves with the task of transforming such an antagonistic element and making of it something so radically different from what it is by nature and heredity? You may cage the leopard and partially tame it, but it cannot change its spots, nor can you. You may whitewash the Ethiopean, but he cannot change his skin and you can't change it for him. We may hold the Filipino and improve him somewhat, but we can never make an American of him. Why then should we want to hold him, when by holding him against his will we give the lie to our traditions, and teachings, and to the fundamental principles upon which our Republic was founded?

GOOD AS VOTERS ONLY.

Commenting upon the small figure the negroes cut as office holders in this country, notwithstanding their number, the New York *Journal of Commerce* says:

Although the negro, colored or Afro-American population approximates 9,000,000, the race has now not a single representative in Congress, and it probably never will have unless a Northern conitituency should become extremely generous and give a nomination and election to a black or "colored" man. The trend of events shows most decidedly the South will never in the lives of the people now on earth permit any one but a pure white to have such an honor. It hardly seems likely that ambitious white men, greedy for office and honors, will in any section outside of Dixieland be generous enough to permit a negro to walk away with a good paying office.

The latest, and doubtless the last, representative they had in Congress was from this State, but it will be a long time before we look upon his like again, or on anything of his complexion among the national law makers, for even the white Republicans are trying to transform their party into a white man's party.

This, however, does not prevent the Republican politicians in the North from talking about the political rights of the negroes, nor does it prevent President Roosevelt from saying that in the matter of appointment to office there should be no difference between a negro of good character and competency and a white man of good character and competency. It may be observed, however, that this declaration applies in practice only to the South, where Mr. Roosevelt caters to negro opinion by appointing negroes to office, against the protests of white citizens, while he entirely overlooks the negroes in the Northern States, some of whom would enjoy a fat office quite as much as any Southern negro.

There are not only none of them in Congress from that section, and it is safe to say with our New York non-partisan contemporary none ever will be, but there are none holding any kind of office that a white man would care to hold. The highest they get is some menial position or something bordering on the menial. Office is not for the colored contingent in the North. As the Republican party managers regard them, notwithstanding fraternal professions, they are good as voters only. When it comes to holding offices, representative or any other kind, with money in them—in the North—they are not in it.

WHAT NONSENSE.

In replying to Senator Vest, Thursday, Senator Aldrich said the high price of coal in the country now is not due to the present tariff. What nonsense. We suppose he would say that it is due to the late strike in the anthracite region. That is doubtless the main cause, because that cut off the coal supply and put dealers in a position where they had an excuse for running up prices, which they did. But if coal had free entry into our ports would not manufacturers and others who were compelled to pay these high prices have bought their supplies in other coal-producing countries, as many did notwithstanding the tariff, and would not the coal miners of other countries have shipped lots of it to a market where there was such a demand? Wouldn't this have prevented the extortionate prices demanded by the coal dealers, and by supplying the demand prevent the loss in money and the suffering that have resulted from the coal shortage?

New York papers say that vessels have been chartered to carry 500,000 tons of coal to Atlantic seaports. There is a tariff duty of 67 cents on every ton of this coal, an aggregate of $335,000. Wouldn't this coal cost the purchasers that much less if there were no tariff duty on it? What nonsense then, to say that the tariff does not increase the cost of coal. It increases the cost of every article that is imported. If not, what is the tariff for? The idea at the bottom of the protective system is to make purchasers pay more for the imported than for the domestic article with which it competes. It is the difference in cost, and thus preventing competition which gives the protection. If it doesn't do this there is nothing in protection and it is simply a costly fake.

Take the tariff off, open our ports to the coal of other countries and we would see how soon prices would drop and the bottom be knocked out of Senator Aldrich's absurd assertion. While he was talking that way coal dealers in New York had run coal up to $10.50 a ton and the prediction is that it will go to double that figure, and in the face of this the Dingley protectionists stand by the coal barons and deny that the tariff makes coal dealer.

Too much good luck all of a sudden after playing against fickle fortune for seventeen years killed David Thompson, of Roubaix, South Dakota. He had been prospecting for gold for seventeen years with luck dead against him until the other day he and some associates struck a ledge which panned out $800 a ton and he became so elated over it that he ruptured a blood vessel on the brain and died on the find.

The Teachers' Association of New Jersey have petitioned the Legislature to make the minimum salary of tecahers $400 a year and of principals of the schools $600. It seems to us that a State which can pull a revenue of a couple millions a year out of the corporation chartering business ought to be able to pay decent salaries to teachers,

T. T. Fortune, the New York negro editor who is on an official junket, under Government pay, to Hawaii and the Philippines, says 10,000 American negroes could find work in Hawaii. They needn't go that far for work if they are eager for it, for they can find plenty here and better pay than they could get in Hawaii.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Asheville *Citizen*: The T. T. Loftis farm nine miles southeast of Brevard has been sold to B. G. Estes of Buffalo, N. Y. Mr. Estes contemplates stocking this farm with Angora goats.

— Duplin *Journal*: Last year the Journal announced that Mrs. W. A. Thomson, of Faison, had a lemon to grow at her home to the size of 22 ounces. This year she is the owner of one from the same tree that weighs 39 ounces.

— Kinston *Free Press*: A veritable curiosity was shown at the *Free Press* office last night in the way of a sweet potato. It is a peculiarly shaped potato, being almost a perfect shape of a snake coiled for a spring. The head or end of the potato, is very natural, showing the snake's mouth and eyes.

— High Point *Enterprise*: Mr. Barlow was here last Wednesday and after consulting Mr. J. Elwood Cox and others decided definitely to erect a large silk mill here. To this end he closed a deal for six acres of land on the Kendall property east of the buggy works, on which will be erected, to begin with, a large brick building, two stories high. 52x100, and another brick building for engine, boiler and other machinery. The present plans will open the way for the employment of 150 to 200 girls at once, and it is quite probable that the facilities require three times this number after the plant is in operation. The building will be erected with a view to enlarging the plant at any time and without interrupting the work. The original company at the back of this enterprise is in Switzerland, and they have five or six mills in this country.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: The police arrested one of the smallest burglars here last Tuesday night that was ever arrested for that offence. The young rascal is a negro boy known as "Tiny" Stevens. He is about 13 years old and is very small for one of his age. "Tiny" broke into Messrs. Sikes & Winchester's store about 9 o'clock at night and, notwithstanding the fact that the store was well lighted and had a glass front, he went boldly to the money drawer and was helping himself when Mr. Henry Myers, who was passing, saw him and reported the matter to the police. The boy had been at work in the store and before leaving Tuesday night he fixed one of the back windows so that he could easily open it.

— Chatham *Record*: The probabilities are that more miles of railroad will be constructed in Chatham during this year than during any previous year. The Durham and Charlotte Railroad Company say that they will construct many miles of their railroad this year. They will first grade from Gulf to this place and then to Greensboro and the work will be pushed vigorously. The Raleigh and Western Railroad Company say that they will vigorously push their road from Cummock to Greensboro via the factories on Deep river. Their line is already located the entire distance. It is said that this company will buy the Cumnock coal mine and operate it on an extensive scale. —— We regret to hear of the burning of the store of Hamlet & Gattis, in Baldwin township, on last Thursday night. The origin of the fire is unknown. The stock of goods was valued at $1,350, on which there was no insurance, and nothing was saved. About $17 in silver coin was saved. —— From reports received from all parts of the county there was less drunkenness and disorder in this county last Christmas than ever before.

NEGRO EDUCATION.

[*Duplin Journal.*]

White Man's government in North Carolina is a much greater necessity to the common welfare of both whites and blacks than negro education. With the negro again at the polls in our State, 100,000 strong, can Superintendent Joyner and his co-educators guarantee to the State a white man's government—honest, economical, just and moral? Can he give to the State by educating 100,000 negroes, voters who will vote for the safety and welfare of the State? Until this can be thoroughly demonstrated the question of negro education had better subside in our State Legislature or the members of this Legislature will subside as was never heard of before and the Democratic party too will rapidly subside from power in the State and the educated negroes will not only take a hand at our civilization and social structure but also at our political institutions and our commonwealth. Gov. Aycock, in his memorable amendment campaign of 1900, declared that the suffrage Amendment was the only peaceful solution to white government in our State and yet our educators are weaving fine spun, impractical, theoretical, suicidal, educational solutions, which will blight the possibilities of our white boys and girls and only destroy the peace our State now enjoys and bring about racial friction and conflict that will lead to riots the like of which has not been yet seen in our State?

Will our Democratic Legislature aid and abet this new political power recently developing in the (Superintendent Joyner's) educated Southern negro recently demonstrated in Booker Washington, Dr. Crumm, John C. Dancy, Sam Vick and the like who are holding at bay the white Republican power of the South and will control these whites when necessary to govern the Democratic party.

Let the N. C. Democracy fashion some plan to divide the school fund so that the white race may have its own school fund and stay the danger that threatens white government in our State.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

R. B. JOHN, P. E., Wilmington, N. C.

Southport, Jan. 11, 12.
Shallotte, Concord, Jan. 13.
Town Creek, —— Jan. 14.
Waccamaw, Shiloh, Jan. 17, 18.
Whiteville, Whiteville, Jan. 18, 19.
Magnolia, Providence, Jan. 24, 25
Clinton, Clinton, Jan. 30.
Kenansville, Friendship, Jan. 31, Feb 1.
Bladen, Bethlehem, Feb. 7, 8.
Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, Feb. 9.
Carver's Creek, Council Station Feb. 10.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, Feb. 14, 15.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Half Moon, Feb. 21, 22.

District Stewards will please meet in the Ladies' Parlor, Grace church, Wilmington, Tuesday Dec. 30th, at 1 o'clock.

Missionary Institute will be held at Grace church Feb. 4th and 5th, 1903.

District conference will meet at Jacksonville Tuesday Mar. 17th at 5 o'clock P. M. and continue through the 18th and 19th, 1903.

A Marvelous Invention.

Wonders never cease. A machine has been invented that will cut, paste and hang wall paper. The field of inventions and discoveries seem to be unlimited. Notable among great discoveries is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It has done a world of good for weak lungs and has saved many a life. Thousand have used it and conquered Grip, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Consumption. Their general verdict is: "It's the best and most reliable medicine for Throat and Lung troubles." Every 50c and $1.00 bottle is guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Trial bottles free. †

SANTAL-MIDY
Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.
It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.
SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.
MIDY

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

Rheumacide

is a new and scientific compound made from roots, herbs and barks—contains neither opiates nor poisons. It purifies the blood and removes the causes of rheumatism and all blood diseases. Anyone can take RHEUMACIDE with absolute safety. Does not injure the digestive organs.

TWO CURES.

FLORENCE, S. C., Aug. 16, 1902.
Gentlemen:—I began to suffer from rheumatism about three years ago, and had it very bad in my limbs. At times I could hardly walk. Was treated by a physician without benefit. More than a year ago, Mr. George Wilson, an engineer on the Coast Line, living in Florence, told me that "RHEUMACIDE" cured him. I got a bottle and it benefitted me. I took five bottles and am now as well as I ever was in my life. I regard "RHEUMACIDE" as a great medicine. I know of others it has cured.
Truly,
S. T. BURCH.

DARLINGTON, S. C., Aug. 19th, 1902.
Gentlemen:—About two years ago I had a very severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered great pain and was confined to my bed for five weeks. During the time I was treated by two Physicians without permanent relief. Capt. Harker, a conductor on the Atlantic Coast Line heard of my condition and sent me two bottles of "RHEUMACIDE." I began to take it and in a week I got up and walked on crutches. After taking three bottles of the remedy I got entirely well and went back to my business.
I personally know of a number of other bad cases that were cured by the use of your medicine, in this town and vicinity. It is all that you claim for it.
Truly, J. L. SISKRON.

Sold by Druggists. Will be sent express paid on receipt of $1.00.
Bobbitt Chemical Co., - - Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— The question used to be asked "Can a man make $1,000,000 honestly?" But in view of J. Pierpont Morgan's record, it might be better asked if a man can make $42,000,000 in one year without working the hold-up game overtime? —*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— Oh yes, the "philanthropists" gave their millions to charitable purposes last year—the statisticians are figuring up a big total in this connection—but who really "paid the freight?" Didn't the generous-hearted gentlemen who are getting the credit for this philanthropy play exactly the same role in this connection that the owner of rented property does when he pays the taxes on it—which he had previously collected from the tenant?—*Norfolk Ledger, Dem.*

—— The "negro colonization" idea gets a very suggestive object lesson from Huntsville, Ala., whence "Peg-leg" Williams, the labor agent, beat a hasty retreat the other day in the fear of indignant farmers. Williams' offense was that he had already sent two carloads of negroes from that locality to Mississippi and was preparing to send others. Drive away the negro and see what the southern planters will do for laborers.—*Chattanooga Times, Ind.*

—— Henry T. Oxnard announces for the beet sugar convention, which will assemble in Washington January 8, that the Cuban treaty will be agreed to by that body on condition that one change in it be made. Students of our form of Government may be at a loss to understand just what department of the Government the beet sugar organization constitutes, and when and how it was invested with the function of the ratification or rejection of treaties. Students of the high-tariff Republican party, however, will have a clear comprehension.—*Louisville Courier Journal, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS

— It is probable that it is the distance that lends enchantment to the cooking "that mother used to do."—*Judge.*

— But, after all, the concentration of wealth into a few hands is about all that saves a good many of us from being snobs.—*Punch.*

— "Three minutes for dinner!" cried the railroad porter. "Thank Heaven!" exclaimed a passenger. "The last time I was here it was three dollars!"—*Brooklyn Life.*

— Mother—Johnny, I am ashamed of you! What did you mean by laughing and giggling at your dear uncle's funeral? Johnny—Gee! I was so glad it wasn't my own.—*Princeton Tiger.*

— Teacher—Job was sorely afflicted, was he not? Scholar—Yes, Ma'am. "Well, what lesson do we learn from Job?" "That everything comes to him who waits."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Friend—You seem to have as many customers now as during the holidays. Haberdasher—Why, those are fellows coming to exchange the neckties their wives bought them for Christmas.

— Miss D. Fyre—The Rev. Dr. Fourthly has denounced divorce as a profane act. Miss D. Meenor—He's right; it certainly constitutes taking some one's name in vain.—*Harvard Lampoon.*

Domestic Troubles.

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic ruptures occasionally, but these can be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in Stomach and Liver troubles. They not only relieve you, but cure. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. †

CEDAR BLUFF, VA., Nov. 12, 1902.
We have sold Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic for the past 10 years. We know it has saved hundreds of long cases of fever and heavy doctors' bills and has saved the lives of hundreds of our own people. We keep it in our households.
CEDAR BLUFF WOOLEN CO.
Agency of this wonderful medicine will be placed with good men. Address A. B. Girardeau, Savannah, Ga. †

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mont.

AFTER USING Ely's Cream Balm six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh.—Joseph Stewart, Grand Ave. Buffalo, N. Y.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts. or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York. †

For over Sixty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

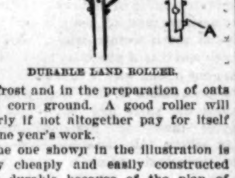
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

VALUABLE DEVICES.

Durable Land Roller and Convenient Truck or Wheelbarrow.

There is no tool that is so indispensable in preparing a field for a crop as a good land roller, and such a one, together with a convenient truck, is described, among other useful devices, in the Ohio Farmer:

Land rollers are especially valuable in the preparation of soil for wheat to conserve moisture and equally valuable in spring work, rolling wheat and corn stubble, on meadows that are heaved



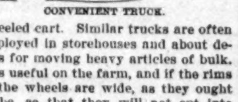
DURABLE LAND ROLLER.

by frost and in the preparation of oats and corn ground. A good roller will nearly if not altogether pay for itself in one year's work.

The one shown in the illustration is very cheaply and easily constructed and durable because of the plan of building. A good sound log seven feet long and about two feet in diameter is drawn to the sawmill, and after being squared the miller arranges it on the carriage in such a manner as to shape it into an octagonal form. By the use of an adz it is then very easily "turned" into a complete cylinder. This method secures rollers that run very true and evenly and do much better work than a log from nature's own working, and it will not check and crack to pieces, but last doubly as long as one made from a log. A two foot log will make a roller sixteen to eighteen inches in diameter, which is plenty large enough, as our experience teaches us that one of this size will do better work, crushing clods into the ground instead of bouncing over the tops and leaving them uncrushed, as the large rollers are wont to do.

This log is then sawed into two equal parts which when built will make an eight foot roller. The construction is shown in the illustration plainly, 3 by 4 stuff being used for the frame. The iron braces shown on rear of tongue are quite practical. They may also be made of wood with good results. The boxing shown at A is very durable and is bolted to underside of frame. The iron axles are made of one and a quarter inch gas pipe, and ends of roller are painted well to avoid checking. An old mower seat may be attached to tongue in center of roller.

The accompanying cut shows a sort of a cross—a half breed, as it were—between a wheelbarrow and a four



CONVENIENT TRUCK.

wheeled cart. Similar trucks are often employed in storehouses and about depots for moving heavy articles of bulk. It is useful on the farm, and if the rims of the wheels are wide, as they ought to be, so that they will not cut into the ground, it is a great labor saving device in garden work. Loads of cornstalks, branches from pruning and such like may be conveyed on it with dispatch, the rods at the front keeping the load off the wheels, but permitting boxes and baskets of fruit to be set in between them. Side boards as well as the front one can be easily provided if needed.

Oats and Peas.

Oats and Canada field peas make the best green crop to follow clover. Generally it is advisable to make three sowings, the first as early as possible in the spring, April 20 to 25, and the second and third fifteen to thirty days later. One and one-half bushels each of the oats and peas is the usual quantity to the acre. They may both be sown broadcast at the same time after the land is plowed and thoroughly harrowed in with a wheel harrow. Some sow the peas first, covering with a wheel harrow, then sow the oats and cover with an Acme or similar harrow. This method, however, is hardly necessary. The first sowing will be ready about June 25, and cutting should begin as soon as the oats show the head. The average yield from the first sowing is ten tons to the acre. The yield from the second and third sowings is not likely to be as heavy, as the crop matures more quickly during the warm weather. Oats and peas will remain in condition to be cut for ten to twelve days. The average cow will consume sixty to eighty pounds daily until the food becomes tough. One-third to one-half acre will furnish sufficient fodder for ten cows for twelve days.—Hatch Station, Mass.

High Quality of Foreign Potatoes.

American producers should not flatter themselves with the idea that imported potatoes are sold in our markets at comparatively low prices on account of inferior quality. On the contrary, the bulk of the importations are of decidedly superior quality to the native article. Buyers in large markets are fast coming to give them preference over domestic potatoes at anywhere near equal prices. Not only so, but the jobbers find a decided advantage in handling them by reason of the way they are put up, every sack being uniform full weight. They also save the expense and labor of shoveling the potatoes out of a bulk car, filling sacks of unequal size and weight, each one of which has to be weighed when sold and similar annoyances, says a Philadelphia commission merchant in American Agriculturist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, January 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 54½c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.40 per barrel for strained and $1.45 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.60 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.80 per barrel for hard, $3.10 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine quiet at 37@36c; rosin firm at 95c@$1.00; tar firm at $1.25; crude turpentine quiet at $1.10 @2.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	30
Rosin	5
Tar	133
Crude turpentine	11

Receipts same day last year—7 casks spirits turpentine, 1,025 barrels rosin, 124 barrels tar, 43 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8⅜c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅝	cts. ℔ lb
Good ordinary	7⅛	" "
Low middling	7⅞	" "
Middling	8⅜	" "
Good middling	9⅛	" "

Same day last year, market steady at 7⅝c for middling.

Receipts—846 bales; same day last year, 376.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish (new), 65@70c.

CORN—Firm, 65@67½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 12½c.

EGGS—Dull at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25@30c; springs, 15@20c.

TURKEYS—Firm at 12@13½c for live.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 50c per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Firm at 2@4c per pound.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Money on call steady at 4@5 per cent., closing offered at 4 per cent; time money easier, demand good; 60 days, 5@5½ per cent; 90 days, 5 per cent.; six months 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with the actual business in bankers' bills at 486.625 for demand and 483.50 for sixty days. The posted rates were 484½ and 487½. Commercial bills 482½@483½. Bar silver 47¾. Mexican dollars 38¼. Government bonds firm. State bonds heavy Railroad bonds were irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108½; U. S. funding 2's, registered, 108½; U. S. 3's, registered, 106¾; do. coupon, 108; U. S. 4's, new registered, 135½; do. coupon, 135¾; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 109½; do. coupon, 109½; U. S. 5's, registered, 103¾; do. coupon, 103¾; Southern Railway, 5's, 117½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 103⅝. Chesapeake & Ohio 50⅜; Manhattan L 153¼; New York Central 154½; Reading 65½; do. 1st preferred 87; do. 2nd preferred 77; St. Paul 181⅝; do. pref'd, 193½; Southern Railway 36½; do. pref'd 94½; Amalgamated Copper 64½; People's Gas 105½; Sugar 133½; Tennessee Coal and Iron 62¾; U. S. Leather 12⅞; do. pref'd,89; Western Union 91½; U. S. Steel 38½; do. pref'd 89½; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 64; do. preferred, 121. Standard Oil, 733@738.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 9.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 27½; do. preferred, bonds, 43½; fours, 83⅝.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 54c; sales 54 casks. Rosin firm; sales 200 barrels; B, C, D $1 40; E, $1 50.

SAVANNAH, Jan 9.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 54½c; receipts 249 casks; sales 187 casks; exports 392 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 4,400 barrels; sales 1,262 barrels; exports 2,775 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, $1 50, D, $1 55; E, $1 60; F, $1 65; G, $1 75; H, $2 05; I, $2 40; K $2 90; M, $3 35; N, $3 55; W G, $3 80; W W, $4 20.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of three to six points on favorable cables and indications of small receipts and sold off to the previous day's prices in the absence of public support with a leading bear operator trying to undermine long contracts and force a decline. From this there was a quick rally to the highest prices on a run of outside buying, but as soon as this demand was met prices again declined until at the lowest point a loss of ten points was apparent on January and two to seven on the other months In the afternoon there was some pretty active covering and renewed investment buying on the strong week-end statistics on which the market closed very steady at net unchanged prices to a decline of five points. January contracts held a weak relation to the general list under "notices" which some placed as high as 10,000 bales. The selling to-day in progress was on the claim that the market is brought to a standstill on the strength of the statistical position, which has become too generally recognized. The buying at this point is largely on the ground that the spot markets of the country show leading stability on the support of a good spinning and export demand. A good deal of cotton was bought in the afternoon on Hester's visible supply statement. Total sales futures estimated at 350,000 bales.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Cotton quiet at 8 90c; net receipts 138 bales; gross receipts 11,409 bales; stock 169,021 bales.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands 8.90c; middling gulf 9 15c; sales 2,400 bales.

The cotton futures market opened firm and closed very steady at prices: January 8.57, February 8.59, March 8.65, April 8.64, May 8 66, June 8.64, July 8.65, August 8.48, September 8.10.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 42,095 bales; exports to Great Britain 9 208 bales; exports to France 4,100 bales; exports to the Continent 28,330 bales; stock 1,065,272 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 269,710 bales; exports to Great Britain 92,831 bales; exports to France 29,533 bales; exports to the Continent 104,990 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 5,219,421 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,617,847 bales; exports to France 450,356 bales; exports to the Continent 1,635,340 bales

Jan. 9.—Galveston, firm at 8 11-16c, net receipts 11,982 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8⅝c, net receipts 2,748 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8⅞c, net receipts 1,820 bales; Boston, quiet at 8.90, net receipts 1,333 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8⅜c, net receipts 846 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9.15c, net receipts 276 bales; Savannah, steady at 8 7-16c, net receipts 5,268 bales; New Orleans, steady at 8¾c, net receipts 11,594 bales; Mobile, dull at 8 7-16c, net receipts 1,971 bales; Memphis, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 2,315 bales; Augusta, steady at 8 11-16c, net receipts 488 bales; Charleston, steady at 8⅜c, net receipts 1,020 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Flour was steady with a fair demand. Rye flour easy. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 80⅜c. Options at first were rather easy because of bearish Argentine news, selling by longs and small seaboard clearances. Wheat later rallied on covering due to export demand and big weekly clearances, closing firm at ¼@½c net advance. Sales included: May closed 80⅜c; July closed 78⅛c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 59c. Options—The market sold off for a time under fine weather and weakness in the afternoon, rallied with wheat and export demand, closing irregular at a partial ⅛c net advance. The sales were; January closed 57⅜c; February closed 54⅜c; March closed 53⅛c; May closed 48⅛c; July closed 48⅞. Oats—Spot firm; No. 2, 40c. Options dull but steady: May closed 40⅛. Lard steady; refined steady. Butter steady; extra creamery 29c; State dairy 20@26c. Cheese firm; new State full cream, small colored, fancy fall made 14 @14½; small white, fall made, 14@14½. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; mild firm. Sugar steady. Rice firm. Peanuts were steady; fancy hand picked 4½@4¾c; other domestic 3@4¼. Cabbages steady; domestic, per barrel red $1 00@1 25; white 75c@$1 00. Pork steady Freights to Liverpool—cotton by steam 12. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania average best 30@31c. Potatoes steady; Long Island $2 00@2 25; South Jersey sweets $2 30@3 75; Jerseys $1 75@2 00; New York and Western per 180 lbs., $1 50 @2 00. Tallow steady. Cotton seed oil still shows an advancing tendency; prices higher again; offerings scarce; Prime crude here was nominal; prime crude f. o. b. mills 33@34c; prime summer yellow 40c; off summer yellow 39c; prime white 44c; prime winter yellow 43@44c; prime meal $27 50@28 00. nominal.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—There was only a moderate trade in wheat to-day and the market was easier most of the day, but on reports of good export business there was a rally toward the close and final figures on May were ⅛c higher. May corn was a shade higher and oats unchanged. Provisions were easier, May closing from 2½@5c to 10c lower.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—Cash prices: Flour dull and easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring 73@75c; No. 3 spring 67@69c; No. 2 red 71½@72⅜c. Corn—No. 2 46⅜c; No. 2 yellow 46½c. Oats—No. 2 33⅜c; No. 2 white —c; No. 3 white 33@36c. Mess pork, per barrel, $17 40. Lard, per 100 lbs., $9 82½. Short rib sides, loose, closed $8 60@8 77½. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $8 25@8 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $9 00@9 12½. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 71½, 72⅜, 71½, 72½c; May 75⅞@76, 76½, 75⅞, 76½c; July 73¼@73⅜, 73¾, 73⅛, 73⅝c. Corn—No. 2 January 47¼, 47¼, 46½, 46½c; May 43⅞@44.44, 43⅝, 43⅞ @44c; July 43@43¼, 43¼, 42⅞, 43⅛ @43c. Oats—No. 2 January 32¾, 32⅝, 32¾, 32½c; May 34⅛@34⅝, 34⅝ 34¼, 34⅛c; July 31⅝, 31⅞, 31⅝, 31⅞c. Mess pork, per bbl—January $17 15, 17 15, 17 15, 17 15; May $16 12½, 16 22½, 16 10, 16 15. Lard, per 100 lbs—January $9 85, 9 85, 9 80, 9 72½; May $9 47½, 9 50, 9 45, 9 47½; July $9 35, 9 37½, 9 32½, 9 32½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January $8 65, 8 65, 8 62½, 8 62½; May $8 75, 8 82½, 8 75, 8 80.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 9.—Cotton: Spot, in moderate demand, prices four points higher; American middling fair 5.34d; good middling 4.90d; middling 4.72d; low middling 4.60d; good ordinary 4.48d; ordinary 4.36d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 7,500 bales American. Receipts 2,100 bales, all American.

Futures opened firm and closed easy; American middling (g o c) January 4.65d; January and February 4.65d; February and March 4.65d; March and April 4.65d; April and May 4.65@4.66d; May and June 4.66 @4.67d; June and July 4.66@4.67d; July and August 4.66@4.67d; August and September 4.60d; September and October 4.46d; October and November 4.36.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Chichester, Georgetown, S C, H G Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., January 10.

STEAMSHIPS.

City of Gloucester, (Br) 1,573 tons, Milburn, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Foster Rice, (Br) 179 tons, Brinton, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Chas C Lister, 267 tons, Moore, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Lady Shea, (Br) 151 tons, Munro, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Nellie Troop, (Br) 1,317 tons, Nobles, Heide & Co.
Argo, (Nor) 687 tons, Addison, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—59 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 6 barrels tar.

W. & W. Railroad—127 bales cotton, 4 barrels tar, 8 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—558 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 76 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—102 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 47 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—1 cask spirits turpentine, 5 barrels rosin, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—846 bales cotton, 30 casks spirits turpentine, 5 barrels rosin, 133 barrels tar, 11 barrels crude turpentine.

Bethel Military Academy,
1865-1902. Located in Fauquier Co., Virginia. Region unsurpassed. Full corps instructors. Prepares for business, college, and U. S. military academies. For catalogue, address THE PRINCIPALS, BETHEL ACADEMY O., Virginia. sa tu th 1

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THE WEELITTLES IN PHILADELPHIA.

FIND LADY FELLOW PASSENGER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

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WHAT OFTEN HAPPENS!

You have less coal in the cellar than you thought. The strike has put the price of Anthracite beyond our reach; however, we have on hand a large quantity of

Red Jacket Egg,
Tennessee Jellico,
Mountain Ash and Coke,

which are the best substitutes for Anthracite Will be pleased to receive your orders, and will do our best to please you.

The Coal, Cement & Supply Co.

Sole Agents and Distributers.

Davis' 100 per cent. pure Paints, Colors and Varnishes, and

SOUTHERN OIL AND SUPPLY CO.'S

Lubricating, Linseed and Illuminating Oils.

Give us trial order. 214 South Front street,
'Phones Inter State 72, Bell 645. jan 6 tf

The Annual Meeting

Of the stockholders of the Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C., will be held Tuesday, January 13th, 12 noon, at its banking house.

ANDREW MORELAND,
jan 4 tf CASHIER.

Fire Insurance.

Plate Glass, Marine, Life, Accident and Employer's Liability.
Agent for Royal Exchange Assurance of London.

ASSETS $25,211,566.00. 182 Years Old.

And five other reliable companies represented.
Lowest rates charged on Plate Glass Insurance.
No policy fee charged after December 20th, 1902.

JAMES OWEN REILLY,
Notary Public and Insurance Agent,
nov 23 tf 110 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

A Happy New Year to You!

One and all, of our many friends and patrons. We extend our best wishes for your health and prosperity for 1903, and solicit a continuation of your

SHOE TRADE,

Which we hope to merit by giving you the BEST SHOES for the least money.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.
dec 28 tf

DR. LYON'S French Periodical Drops

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus. Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

J. C SHEPARD, JR., Wilmington.

Fight With a Python

Zoo Keeper's Fierce Combat With a Big Snake

Robert Hess, superintendent of the snake department of the New York zoological gardens, had a fierce fight with a big python a few days ago in which he was the conqueror. Few men can boast of vanquishing an eighteen foot python single handed. Here is Mr. Hess' story in his own words:

I attended to the wants of this great python for so long that familiarity made me careless.

A live duck is the python's meal. The method of feeding her is to wave the duck before the snake's face until she launches her many toothed head in the direction of the bird. This is the only way to get a python to feed. They dart at their prey. I have fed the snake hundreds of times in this way and never thought there was any danger in it.

On the day when the reptile got me I was waving the duck from side to side as usual. I happened to glance away for a fraction of a second, and at that same instant the python, with

THE PYTHON'S JAWS CLOSED ON HIS HAND.

her huge jaws distended to their fullest extent, swung her head with lightning rapidity at the duck. The first intimation I had of the serpent's action was the feeling in my hand and wrist of a hundred needlelike points piercing me cruelly. Not only had the great jaws closed on the duck, but on my hand too.

I felt the enormous strength of the reptile drawing me irresistibly toward the open doorway of the glass case in which she lives. To withdraw my hand from the snake's mouth was an impossibility.

A python has six rows of teeth, four on the upper jaw and two on the lower. In each row there are twenty teeth. My hand was held in the grip of a pair of viselike jaws armed with 120 inch long teeth as sharp as needles.

Nor was this all. The python's teeth are bent inward, so that to pull my hand from the snake's mouth would be like drawing it over a mass of bent needles. I might have got the hand out by main force, but there would have been little left but the bones. It was no use calling for help. I was alone in the snakehouse, caught by the biggest reptile in the room.

There was just one thing in my favor. The python had nothing to which she could attach herself so as to make the most of her strength. These snakes kill animals by fastening their teeth in some outlying part of the body, say the foot, and then coiling quickly around the victim, crushing the bones with their powerful folds.

Had Lady been able to wind part of her length around some stationary object she could probably have hauled me into the cage and crushed me to death.

I had forgotten my knife that morning. If I had had it with me, I should have cut Lady's head off and ended the struggle at the cost of a valuable python, but to my horror I found no knife there when I felt in my pocket with my disengaged hand. Meanwhile, although only a few seconds had elapsed since the teeth of the snake closed on me, the jaws were already beginning to work, trying to draw down the throat my hand and arm.

There was only one chance for me. Although the pain was intense, I managed slowly to pull the python's head toward the open door of the glass case. It was necessary to do this slowly, not alone because of the danger of dragging the flesh from my hand, but because the python would have resented a sudden tug.

Instinctively feeling her prey was escaping, she would have replied to a quick wrench with a counter pull. With the yellow eyes fixed on mine and my hand tingling with the pain of six rows of bent teeth cutting like fishhooks into the flesh, I continued gently to draw the flat head toward the door. The snake looked fascinated. She made no resistance, but followed the movement of my hand as though wondering what I was at. Inch by inch I drew her on, scarcely daring to breathe lest the jaws should start to "grind," in which case I might as well have severed my hand and arm there and then for all the good they would have been to me. Three inches from the open doorway—two inches—one inch.

Still the baleful eyes looked into mine, and the jaws held the hand firmly. Half an inch—slowly I drew the head through the doorway; cautiously I urged it on, groping meanwhile for the glass door with my other hand, my eyes fixed on the unblinking yellow orbs of the python.

At last I had her neck against the jamb of the door. The next instant the heavy partition was slammed viciously on the snake's neck, pinning her tight, with her body in and her head outside the case. I pressed on the door with all my force.

The python slowly opened her jaws as the trap in which I had her got in its work. I drew out my bleeding hand. Then I opened the door and allowed Lady to draw in her head. After that my cue was to get to the hospital as quickly as possible. The doctors tell me amputation will not be necessary unless blood poisoning sets in. I should be happy that I came out of the struggle as well as I did.

Lady will never have another chance to swallow me. I shall keep my eyes always on her during feeding time after this experience.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepar

Interpretation of Common Dreams

Here are the interpretations of some common dreams:

Angling.—Much affliction and trouble in fishing for something in life that you want very much.

Apes.—Malefactors, secret enemies and deceivers.

Buried.—To dream of being buried is a pretty sure sign that you are to receive as much wealth as there is earth laid over you.

Dead Folks.—A good omen, courage and a clear conscience.

Devil.—To dream of seeing the devil is a very bad sign. It foretells death to the sick and to the healthy sickness and trouble. To dream that you see yourself with the devil means gain. To see the devil tormented means a bad lawsuit, but to strike him means glory and satisfaction.

Funerals.—A good omen, signifying money or a happy marriage.

Hanging.—To dream of being hanged signifies that you are to be exalted as high as the gibbet. To dream of being saved from the gallows means bad luck.

Keys.—To dream of losing key signifies anger. To a traveler it means hindrances and delay. If you are looking for a position, it means that you will shortly take charge of other people's money.

Looking Glass.—Sweetheart coming.

Monsters.—To dream of any monster except one from the sea is good luck.

Precipices.—To dream of falling from a height means danger by fire.

We have a score of seed catalogues to look over this spring. We notice that nearly every seedsman claims special excellence for some two or three new things in his line. These are always high priced, and the almost universal desire to try new things leads many to invest their money. Our experience with these novelties leads us to remark that in most cases they are best let alone, they very seldom proving to possess any merit over old varieties and quite frequently being utterly worthless.

A friend asked us the other day if we had a recipe for seeding a field with clover this spring which would absolutely insure a catch and a good stand. We told him if he would sow his clover without any nurse crop whatever, sowing the first week in April, running a light harrow over the field, that we would guarantee him a good stand of clover by September. He might, if he wished, sow three pecks of barley or oats with the clover, cutting the crop for hay as soon as the grain headed out, and be almost sure of securing a stand.

The state of North Dakota officially announces that there were produced in the year 1901 250 bushels of wheat, 100 bushels of flax, 75 bushels of oats and $70 worth of cattle for each man, woman and child in the state. This ought to keep them in pretty good shape for the coming year.

Tried to Conceal It.

It's the old story of "murder will out," only in this case there's no crime. A woman feels run down, has backache or dyspepsia and think's it's nothing and tries to hide it until she finally breaks down. Don't deceive yourself. Take Electric Bitters at once. It has a reputation for curing Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and will revivify your whole system. The worst forms of those maladies will quickly yield to the curative powers of Electric Bitters. Only 50 cents, and guaranteed by R. B. BELLAMY, druggist.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr.

No Man Can Die

Of any form of Fever who uses Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic even halfway right. It is 100 times better than quinine, and does in a day what slow quinine cannot do in ten days. Johnson's Tonic will drive out every trace and taint of Grip Poison from the blood. Write for Agency to A. B. Girardeau, Savannah, Ga.

Nasal CATARRH

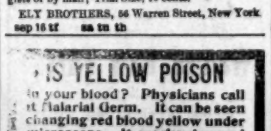
In all its stages.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.
sep 16 tf ss tu th



IS YELLOW POISON

in your blood? Physicians call it Malarial Germ. It can be seen changing red blood yellow under microscope. It works day and night. First, it turns your complexion yellow. Chilly, aching sensations creep down your backbone. You feel weak and worthless.

ROBERTS' CHILL TONIC

will stop the trouble now. It enters the blood at once and drives out the yellow poison. If neglected and when Chills, Fevers, Night-Sweats and a general break-down come later on, Roberts' Tonic will cure you then—but why wait? Prevent future sickness. The manufacturers know all about this yellow poison and have perfected Roberts' Tonic to drive it out, nourish your system, restore appetite, purify the blood, prevent and cure Chills, Fevers and Malaria. It has cured thousands—it will cure you, or your money back. This is fair. Try it. Price, 25 cents.

R. B. BELLAMY.

mar 29 D&W,1y ss tu

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

ap 1 1y Wo Sa su

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

mo th th 1y

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S

BIG STORE

On North Front Street

IS CATERING TO YOUR WANTS WITH THE NICEST LINE OF

DRESS GOODS

In the City.

In shrunk and spun Serges 36 inches wide we have all colors—Black, Navy, Garnett and Green—that are regular 60c value. We sell them at 50c.

In colored Tricots we have a big line of new shades—Pink, Green, light Blue, etc—strictly all wool, at 25c per yard.

Imported Beautiful Shirt Waistings in silk and wool finish running at 48c, all colors.

Standard 32-inch heavy Serge we are selling at 69c yard.

Heavy reversible, all wool 54-inch goods—need no lining, for 50c per yard. Heavy Melton cloth for Ladies' skirts—27 inches wide for 20, 25 and 35c yard.

A big line of beautiful Spring shades in A. F. C. Gingham, at 10c per yard—best quality.

10c Madras in short lengths selling for 7c yard. A. C. A. Gingham at 5c per yard. Splendid Apron checks for 5c yard. Pee Dee Plaid—best quality for 5c yard. 1200 yards extra heavy and wide plaids at 5c yard. A plenty of Rockingham Homespun at 5c yard. The best quality of Sea Island Shirting at 5c yard. The best feather proof Bed Tick at 14c yard.

Red, White, and Blue Flannels, from 12½ to 50c yard. In our Silk department our stock is complete. Yard wide black Taffetta at $1.00, $1.19 and $1.39 per yard.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Just received 450 pair Vicious Shoes that we are having a special run on at $1.50, equal to any $2.00 shoes sold in the city. We have a big line of Rubber Shoes for Men, Children and Women. The best quality of $1.00 Goodyear Rubbers at 75c. Men's roll edge Rubbers at 85c. Ladies' Rubbers for 25 to 50c. Children's Rubbers from 10c to 25c.

Men's Rubber Boots from $3.25 to $3.50. House Slippers for Ladies and Gentlemen—we sell the U-Never-'Em brand—soft and flexible, and will give good service, from 40 to 65c a pair. We sell all grades of Children Shoes, and we sell the cheap, good shoes for a little money.

Blankets! Cold Weather Blankets!!

We have too many Blankets, and we want to sell you some cheap. Blankets at $1 a pair less than they were last year. We have Cotton Blankets for 23c each. Heavy Wool Mixed Blankets at $1; 11-4 Wool Mixed Blankets at $1.85; N. C. Elkon Mill All-Wool Rose Blankets at $3, sold for $4; 11-4 All-Wool Rose Blankets for $4 a pair. We find that we are overstocked in Blankets, and we want to sell them low.

Overalls—for Engineers, Firemen, Machinists, Plumbers and Laborers. We sell the Newfoot Standard $1 Overalls. The J. C. Overalls at $1 each. The Railroad Overalls are 50 and 75c. We have a Heavy Weight Overall for 39c. Coats and Pants to match and a full line of sizes.

Boys' Pants! Mothers, we can sell you Boys' Pants, made of all wool worsted and made with tape seams, for 50c a pair, all sizes.

Men's heavy working pants at $1 a pair; extra heavy, nice-looking pants at $1.25; we carry a big line of fine pants from $2 to $4 a pair. Heavy, all-worsted pants, worth $3, for $2.50 a pair. We have about 100 men's suits to close out—we need the room. Suits we sold for $7.50 and $8 we will sell for $5, strictly all-wool and nice looking; this is a chance to get a nice suit for $5, many of them for less than cost.

We also have a big line of boys' suits to sell out, good suits for little money; strictly all-wool suit for $2, and up; boys' heavy cheviot waists for 25c; white launderied waists with tape extension band for 50c.

Lap robes for baby carriages—a nice line of colors for 75c each; for buggies—a nice new stock that will run in price from $1.50 to $4.50 each, all pretty colors. A new lot of rugs just received: 4-4 Smyrna all-wool rugs for 75c; 5-4 size for $1.48, 6-4 for $1.98, 8-4 for $2.75 and 10-4 for $4.50. Art squares 37½c square yards; 7½ by 9 are $2.75 each; 9 by 9 for $3.75 each and 9 by 12 for $4.50 for each.

Our store is full of new goods and our prices are guaranteed to be as low as the lowest. We are furnishing cards with all cash purchases and giving away presents every day.

jan 4 tf

THE SUPPLY OF HARD COAL IN THIS

City is about exhausted, and present outlook that it cannot be replenished before Spring. In the meantime we are prepared to supply you with the very best

BITUMINOUS LUMP COAL AT $5 PER TON,

Which is as cheap as cut wood at $2.50 per cord.

This coal is equally as good in every way as any Coal sold on this market.

'Phone your orders to us and they will be filled promptly.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Phones—Bell 94. Inter-State 146. dec 28 tf

THE NORTH CAROLINA HOT SPRINGS

THE MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

Hot Springs N. C.

Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used. These Springs are in the grounds of the

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the bank of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

Write us for Illustrated Booklet, with Analysis and Testimonials.

HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

mar 9 tf su

Rehder's Rehder's

CRAWFORD SHOES, $3.50.

NOTHING MORE STYLISH AND BETTER FOR THE PRICE.

Phone us; have us send up several pairs for your inspection. New lot just in. We want to make you one of the many Crawford customers we have.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street,

Car fare paid on purchases of $3.00 and over. jan 4 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

LOW ROUND TRIP

Rates From Wilmington

Sixth Annual Exhibition, Charlotte Poultry Association, Charlotte, N. C., January 12th-15th, 1903. Dates of sale January 11th to 14th, inclusive. Final limit January 16th. Rate, $6.30.

W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Agent.

Approved: Gen'l Passenger Agent.
H. M. EMERSON,
Traffic Manager.

nov 15 tf

CASH PAID FOR Beeswax

If you have some to sell ship it to us and will allow you

27 1-2c Per Lb.,

F. O. B. Wilmington.

Williamsville Mfg Co.,
Williamsville, Mass.
sep 21 3m su we fr

Douglas Shoes.

A large lot to arrive on next steamer, besides large shipments to follow soon after.

We did well last year and we expect to make 1903 our "Banner Year."

The "Cash on Approval Business" is doing the good work, because people find they can save much money on their FOOT WEAR at our store. New Customers tell us so almost daily. A full assortment of other good lines of Shoes always on hand. Don't forget this.

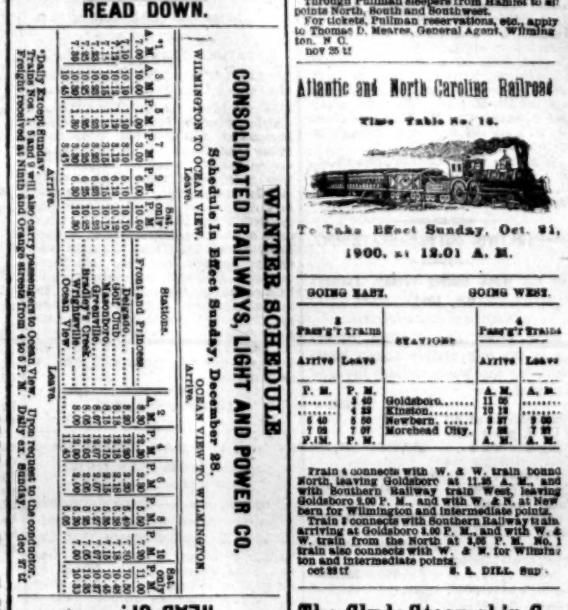
Mercer & Evans Co.,
63½ steps. jan 4 tf

READ DOWN.

WINTER SCHEDULE CONSOLIDATED RAILWAYS, LIGHT AND POWER CO.

Schedule in Effect Sunday, December 28.

WILMINGTON TO OCEAN VIEW. OCEAN VIEW TO WILMINGTON.



READ UP.

We Thank You

For your very liberal patronage during the past year and especially during the holidays.

We have a few very handsome Chairs left from the holiday trade, marked "away down." We will endeavor to merit your confidence and solicit your trade by adhering to our motto; honest goods, low prices and polite service.

A happy and prosperous New Year to you all.

GASTON D. PHARES & CO.
Inter-State 'Phone 75. 118-113 Market street.
jan 4 tf

It is for you to say

If you know what first class goods are, as to quality and style. After seeing my line call and judge for yourself.

J. T. BURKE,
THE JEWELER,
27 South Front St.
dec 13 tf

Lands Posted.

The privilege of hunting on my lands near Wilmington having been leased, all persons are hereby warned against shooting, hunting, ranging otherwise trespassing on said lands.

no W OBLE.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Nov. 30, 1902.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48	No. 40
Lv Wilmington	9 30 a m	7 00 p m
Ar Goldsboro	11 31 p m	9 05 p m
Ar Wilson	1 19 p m	10 40 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	1 55 p m	11 35 p m
Ar Norfolk	5 55 p m	
Ar Weldon	4 52 p m	1 45 a m
Ar Petersburg	6 38 p m	3 35 a m
Ar Richmond	7 45 p m	4 07 a m
Ar Washington	11 40 p m	7 54 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 39 a m	9 10 a m
Ar Philadelphia	4 05 a m	11 35 a m
Ar New York	7 08 a m	1 58 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41	No. 49
Lv New York	9 00 a m	9 30 p m
Ar Philadelphia	11 30 a m	12 10 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 44 p m	2 27 a m
Ar Washington	3 00 p m	3 45 a m
Ar Norfolk		9 00 a m
Ar Richmond	6 56 p m	6 50 a m
Ar Petersburg	7 32 p m	9 13 a m
Ar Weldon	9 00 p m	11 25 a m
Ar Rocky Mount	10 07 p m	12 50 p m
Ar Wilson	10 48 p m	1 46 p m
Ar Goldsboro	7 16 a m	3 10 a m
Ar Wilmington	10 10 a m	5 45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv Wilmington	8 00 a m	3 45 p m	7 05 p m
Ar Florence	9 25 a m	7 30 p m	8 35 a m
Ar Charleston	1 10 p m	11 15 p m	5 45 a m
Ar Savannah	6 35 p m	3 09 a m	7 55 a m
Ar Jacksonville		9 00 a m	12 45 p m
Ar Tampa		7 00 p m	10 00 p m

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.
Lv Tampa	8 05 p m	9 30 a m
Ar Jacksonville	7 30 a m	7 00 p m
Ar Savannah	1 10 p m	3 15 a m
Ar Charleston	5 15 p m	6 35 a m
Ar Florence	8 00 p m	9 45 a m
Ar Wilmington	11 45 p m	1 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily.		East Bound Daily
Lv Wilmington	9 10 a m	Ar.	3 00 p m
Ar Fayetteville	12 20 p m	Ar.	5 50 p m
Ar Sanford	1 50 p m	Lv.	5 45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

	North Bound Daily ex Sunday.		South Bound Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Wilmington	2 33 p m	Ar.	12 06 p m
Ar Newberne	5 40 p m	Lv.	9 00 a m

‡Via Wilson.

Trains Nos 40 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east.

W. J. CRAIG,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

H. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 31 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

Schedule in Effect Nov. 23.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 2:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:44 P. M., Pembroke 6:10 P. M., Maxton 6:40 P. M., Hamlet 7:25 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 5:0 A. M., Hamlet at 8:35 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:10 A. M., Pembroke 9:40 A. M., Lumberton 10 00 A. M., Wilmington 12.30 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	9 45 p m	7 40 a m
Ar Monroe	11 2 a m	9 15 a m
Ar Charlotte		10.25 a m
Ar Chester	12.51 a m	12.25 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.05 a m	12.17 p m
Ar Athens	3 52 a m	5 58 p m
Ar Atlanta	7.35 a m	4.00 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	9 45 p m	7.35 a m
Ar Columbia	1.15 a m	11.50 a m
Ar Savannah	2.30 a m	4.55 p m
Ar Jacksonville	7 00 a m	9.15 p m
Ar Tampa	6.45 p m	6.00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	7.50 a m	
Ar Raleigh	1.20 a m	11.10 a m	
Ar Norlina	3.32 a m	1.25 p m	
Ar Portsmouth		7.15 a m	5.35 p m
Ar Norfolk			
Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	8.40 a m	7.50 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 30 a m	11.45 a m	11.10 a m
Ar Norlina	3.32 a m	1.35 a m	1.25 p m
Ar Petersburg	5.55 a m	4.07 p m	4.17 p m
Ar Richmond	6.35 a m	4.55 p m	5.40 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	8.30 p m	
Ar Baltimore	11.35 a m	11.30 p m	
Ar New York	4.18 p m	6.30 a m	

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.35 a. m. takes passengers from train 81, leaving New York at 12.30 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.40 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10.27 p. m.; Portsmouth 9 05 p. m.; Norfolk 8.30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.15 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 7.50 a. m. From train 81, leaving Atlanta 1.00 p. m.; Athens 4.37 p. m.; Chester 4.15 a. m.; Charlotte 5.01 a. m.; Monroe 8.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.30 a. m.

From train 86 leaving Jacksonville 4.30 p. m.; Savannah 12.10 p. m.; Columbia 8.56 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 8.30 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 25 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. 2 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
	4 40	Goldsboro	11	
	5 00	Kinston	10 18	
6 40	5 50	Newbern	9	9 05
7 30	7 00	Morehead City	8	8 00
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.55 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 5.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 2 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 4.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.25 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & W. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 21 tf E. L. DILL, Sup't.

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York,

Wilmington, N. C., and

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA Saturday, Jan. 10
GEO. W. CLYDE Saturday, Jan. 17

From Wilmington for New York.

CLYDE Saturday, Jan. 10
ONEIDA Saturday, Jan. 17

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

CLYDE Tuesday, Jan. 6
ONEIDA Tuesday, Jan. 13

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight and passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. SOHR, General Manager,
71 State street, New York.
jan 2 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN. 10.

THE LEGISLATURE YESTERDAY

Morton Arose to a Question of Personal Privilege—Proceedings in the Senate and House.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 9.—The sessions of both branches of the General Assembly were very short to day. The House was in session about an hour and the Senate less than two hours.

In the Senate, Vann, of Chowan county, introduced a bill to prohibit the sale of fire-crackers more than two inches long and an amendment to be added in committee will include the toy pistols of dangerous types.

A resolution for the joint committee on the codification of the laws of the State to prepare a proper bill, passed two readings in the Senate and was then referred to the Finance Committee.

Other notable Senate bills introduced were: By White, to regulate the sale of morphine. By Godwin, to establish county government in Sampson by increasing the number of commissioners, the purpose being to overcome the present Populist-Republican domination. By London, to regulate the liquor traffic by prohibiting the manufacture of same in towns of less than 1,000 inhabitants and the sale in towns of less than 500 inhabitants, this being the bill prepared and championed by the State Anti-Saloon League. By Bellamy, to amend Section 1281 of the Code.

Resolution of respect to Senator Wilson, of Yancey, who was killed by his brother, was introduced by Marshall, of Yadkin, and adopted by a rising vote.

In the House, Speaker Gattis announced a committee on rules—Graham, Doughton, Watts, Smith, Morton, Carr and Benbow.

The other House committees will probably be announced to-morrow. Notable bills introduced in the House were: By Graham, to authorize the Secretary of State to appoint an assistant to index the laws; by Daniel, to regulate the manufacture and sale of fire-arms.

Morton, of New Hanover, rose to a question of personal privilege, stating that a printed letter regarding his record had been placed on the desks of members on the night of the caucus to choose a speaker, for which office he was a candidate. These letters were distributed a few minutes before the vote was taken at a time etiquette made it impossible for him to be present and combat the evil effect. "The letters were from several lumbermen, making an attack on me," said Mr. Morton, "entering a protest against my election as speaker. They charged I treated their delegation with 'scant courtesy' when they appeared before the Senate committee, of which I was a member, two years ago. They further attacked me for voting against their bill, which they claim was in favor of railroads. This attack I desire to say was outrageous and libellous in character.

"A man's public record belongs to the public and when the facts are known, I am willing to leave the public to judge. There are a great many members with whom I have served in previous sessions in both the House and Senate. To them no explanation is necessary, but for the benefit of new members, I desire to read, as a part of my remarks, a statement signed by every member of the Committee before whom the party of lumbermen appeared." Mr. Morton then read the following:

"*Raleigh, N. C., Jan 8th.*—We, the undersigned, were members of the Senate Committee on Railroads and Railroad Commission in the last Assembly, of which Hon. George L. Morton was a member, and we are surprised to learn he has been charged with 'treating with scant courtesy' a delegation of lumbermen, who appeared before the said committee in advocacy of a bill introduced in their behalf. Such accusation does Mr. Morton a gross injustice. The delegation was heard patiently and courteously, a special meeting having been called for their benefit. That the bill was reported adversely by unanimous vote of the Committee with the exception of the Senator from the district from which the delegation came, should be sufficient answer to their other charges against Mr. Morton. We take pleasure in stating that Mr. Morton was one of the most efficient and industrious members of our committee."

(Signed) H. A. London, chairman; Jno. E. Woodward, J. G. Long, H. G. Foushee, J. G. Brown, L. H. Michael.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

For the Week Ending Friday, January 9th, 1903.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending January 9th, 1902:

	1902.	1901.
Net receipts at all U. S. ports during the week ...	269,710	275,910
Total receipts to this date	5,219,421	5,137,819
Exports for week..	227,354	218,848
Total exports to date	3,703,543	3,791,221
Stock in all U. S. ports.	1,065,721	866,101
Stock at all interior towns.....	506,652	763,200
Stock in Liverpool,	643,000	680,000
American afloat for Great Britain ...	190,000	227,000

THE CROPSEY MURDER.

Jas. E. Wilcox Taken from Elizabeth City to Hertford for Trial.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., Jan. 9.—James E. Wilcox lies in a strange cell to-night. He was carried to Hertford, the scene of his new trial, to day. His removal was guarded carefully. The authorities carried him in a closed carriage to the outskirts of the city and several hours elapsed before the removal became known to the reporters.

Wonderful Nerve.

Is displayed by many a man enduring pains of accidental Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet or Stiff Joints. But there's no need for it. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and cure the trouble. It's the best Salve on earth for Piles, too. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

POLICE CAPTURE TRAIN ROBBERS.

Members of a Gang Who Have Been Operating in Western States.

ARRESTED AND IDENTIFIED.

One Was a Participant in the Robbery of the Burlington Train at Marcus, Ill.—Another Was in the Hold-up on the 'Frisco Road.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Jan. 9.—It now looks as if the Memphis police made an important capture when on Wednesday last they arrested Thomas Clark, George Rogers and John E Estelle. When taken into custody the men had nitro glycerine in their possession. Estelle has since been identified by the engineer as one of the participants in the Burlington hold up near Marcus, Ill., on August 5th last.

To-day Mrs. E. Delap, of Wisconsin, positively identified Clark as a man who had bought a skiff from her two days before the Burlington robbery. The robbers escaped in a skiff which was found overturned. Sanderson, a brakeman on the 'Frisco system, has identified Rogers as one of the prime movers in the hold up on the 'Frisco at Jonesboro, Ark., several months ago. Estelle Wednesday night was taken to Savannah, Ill., in charge of an officer.

The Burlington Train Robbery.

LACROSSE, WIS., Jan. 9.—As prisoners on the same train they are alleged to have held up six months ago at Marcus, Ill., four men who are believed to be of the gang which robbed the Burlington train at that place were left at Savannah, Ill., by the train last night and were taken to Mount Carroll, the county seat, where they will be arraigned on the charge of holding up the train. The story of the findings of clews and their subsequent capture is interesting. A detective, Charles White, visited every nook and corner of the Mississippi river between here and the place where the robbery occurred, to find the persons from whom the robbers bought the boat which was found sunken with sand in the river near where they had temporarily buried their booty. It took him three months and he was not successful until he reached LaCrosse, when in company with Detective William Lyman of the local force, after two weeks of unremitting work, they located the man from whom the skiff had been purchased. He and his wife went to Chicago on Wednesday night identify the four alleged robbers.

Killed One of Their Own Party.

The robbers, so the detectives found, went down the river in the skiff, taking four days to make the trip and were joined at Dubuque by two others, which made the party six in number. One of these robbers wore a pair of shoes just purchased in Dubuque. He was the one who was killed during the robbery. It develops from the story of one of the robbers that the dead robber was killed by their own party. They had a secret code of signals which they were to use. The dead robber in coming around the train did not give the signal and was shot.

He was not killed, however, for after the safe had been blown open and the robbers unhitched the engine, they put the wounded man on board. One of the party said to him: "Can you talk yet?" He replied "Yes," whereupon one of the party shot him through the head, killing him instantly. They then had a discussion as to whether to burn the body in the fire-box, but decided to throw it out of the engine cab, which they did. They then abandoned the engine and got into the skiff, went across the river, buried the money and sunk the boat. Several half dollars which fell from the pile of $2,300 they secured were found in the sand.

TO DEVELOP COAL LANDS.

L. & N. to Build Branch Lines of Railroad to the Coal Creek Section.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., Jan. 9.—Leases have just been closed by the Poplar Coal Creek Company, owners of valuable coal lands in the Oliver Springs district, where by four large operating companies will develop coal lands along Coal Creek. It is expected the operations will mean an output of not less than 5,000 tons of coal daily, chiefly steam coal. The Knoxville, LaFollette and Jellico railroad (the Louisville and Nashville) will in a few days begin the construction of branch lines of railroad from Doosetis and Oliver Springs into the Coal Creek section. Men and materials are now being sent out for that purpose. By an arrangement with the Louisville and Nashville, the miners are to have a car supply equal to the coal output. An exclusive right of way into the coal property was given with that understanding.

UNFOUNDED RUMOR.

No Truth in Reported Assassination of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—There is absolutely no foundation for the report published in the United States that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has been assassinated in South Africa, or for the rumor that he has been shot at. The unfounded rumor caused some excitement in the Kaffir section of the Stock Exchange. The report brought out many sellers, which quickly depressed prices. No sooner had the market recovered from this scare when the news of the serious illness of Alfred Beit, the South African financier caused another flurry, especially in Charterers, DeBeers and other Rhodesian securities. They closed, however, above the lowest quotations of the day.

FIRE AT RICHMOND, VA.

Plant of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company Partially Destroyed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 9.—Fire at an early hour this morning swept away two-thirds of the manufacturing plant of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company here, only the acid building remaining. No estimate of the loss will be given out from the offices of the company, but it is said that there will be no interruption of the business of the company by reason of the fire, and that the loss is fully covered by insurance. About seventy men are temporarily thrown out of employment by the fire.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Private Pension Day—Naval Constructor Hobson Not to Go on Retired List. Port Royal Naval Station.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—This was private pension day in the House and 144 bills were passed, but none of especial importance. Mr. Russell, of Texas, the successor of the late Mr. DeGraffenreid, appeared to day in the role of critic of undue haste in the consideration of private pension legislation and precipitated quite a debate. He called attention to the fact that since the civil war 10,000 special bills had been passed by Congress, and over 1,000 of these in the first session of the present Congress.

The Naval Affairs Committee of the House to-day decided by a vote of five to four not to report the bill authorizing the transfer of Naval Constructor R. P. Hobson to the retired list.

Secretary Moody to-day sent a communication to the House in compliance with the provision of the last naval appropriation act directing him to investigate and report on the value of government property at the Port Royal naval station and the practicability of its removal to another yard. The secretary says among other things:

"The property, of course, is to be devoted to the purpose for which it was originally designated. It is, however, assumed that when the naval station at Charleston is completed the station at Port Royal will be discontinued. There is absolutely no reason for two stations in these waters."

The value of the land, the secretary says, is much less than its cost to the government, and the dry dock which has cost $518,321 has become worthless.

ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION.

A Bill Practically Agreed Upon by the Judiciary Committee of the House. The Bill to Expedite Suits.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—As a result of an extended consideration of the various pending anti-trust bills by the sub-committee of the House Judiciary Committee, of which Representative Littlefield is chairman, a bill practically has been agreed upon. It has not yet formally been adopted, but is said to meet the approval of all members of the sub-committee. It will be laid before the full committee at its meeting to-morrow, when it is expected its features will be made public. It is understood that one of the important features provides for publicity, not through a new commission to be created, but through the Interstate Commerce Commission. It is further understood that the bill covers administration suggestions for anti-trust legislation.

The anti trust bills introduced yesterday, which were drawn by the attorney general, will go to the Judiciary sub-committee under the general rule adopted at the time the sub-committee was created.

The House Judiciary Committee to-day agreed to favorably report the bill introduced by Representative Littlefield to expedite suits pending or hereafter to be brought under the anti-trust law.

THE INDIANOLA CASE.

Again Considered by the Cabinet, But No Action Was Taken.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 9.—The Indianola (Mississippi) postoffice case was again the subject of some consideration at the cabinet meeting to-day, but Postmaster General Payne had little in the way of developments to communicate. Attorney General Knox, to whom the case was referred, said that he had not had time yet to take it up, but he expected to begin consideration of the papers almost immediately.

Reference to the Indianola case led to some discussion of the subject of Southern appointments, but no action was taken as to the general policy of the administration. It was decided that the resignation of Minnie Cox as the postmaster will not be accepted and the question of reopening the office is left for further action. It is felt by the administration that to accept the resignation at this time would establish a bad precedent.

THE WORLD'S COTTON.

Total Visible Supply as Shown by Secretary Hester's Statement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 9.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's supply of cotton, issued to-day, shows the total visible to be 3,941,413 bales, against 3,926,428 last week and 4,448,463 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 3,275,413 bales, against 3,251,428 last week and 3,710,463 last year, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 726,000 bales, against 675,000 last week and 738,000 last year.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and Continental Europe 1,871,000 bales, against 2,327,000 last year; in Egypt, 192,000 bales, against 239,000 last year; in India, 273,000 bales, against 254,000 last year, and in the United States, 1,605,000 bales, against 1,738,000 last year.

THE PLAGUE AT MAZATLAN

Thirty-seven Cases in Lazarettos—Six Deaths Occurred Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MAZATLAN, MEXICO, Jan. 9.—Thirty-seven people are in the lazarettos and six deaths have occurred to-day; one entire family having died of the plague. Many people have left the city and gone to live on the islands near by. A number of Americans have also departed.

A man attacked by the plague was found on his way to El Castillo. He was brought to the city to be sent to a lazaretto, but he died on the way there.

A woman, in order to save her son from being taken to a lazaretto, put him in bed at home. Her father and she herself were in consequence attacked by the plague and died in a few hours. The house has been burned by the authorities.

Quality is what makes price. If Burnett's Vanilla Extract was no better than other extracts its price would be the same. Once tried always used.

Mother: If baby has a cough or cold, Anway's Croup Syrup will cure him and give all hands a good night's sleep. It is safe to give babies and no home is safe without a bottle on hand. Thousands use it; every mother who has used it will testify to its merits. 25 cts. at Robt. R. Bellamy's. †

MANUFACTURING PLANT BURNED.

A Boy Working in One of the Departments Accidentally Started the Fire.

DROPPED A LIGHTED MATCH.

It Fell Into a Vat of Oil and the Whole Place Was Soon in Flames—Five Hundred People at Work in the Building—All Escaped.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, ONT., January 9.—One of the most disastrous fires in the history of this city occurred to-night in the immense plant of the McClary Manufacturing Company. A boy working in the stamping department dropped a burning match into a vat of oil and with a report like a cannon the oil went up in a sheet of flame. Like a flash it spread on the ceiling of the room on the first floor and the employes rushed from the building in a panic. In this portion of the works were located the stamping room with one hundred pressers, the tinsmith department, the japanning department, the artists' department and the wrappers' department, and the wrapping rooms where tinware is made ready for market.

About five hundred men, women and boys were in the building. There was a rush for the elevator and the stairs, and in a terrible crush, scorched and smoke-begrimed, they reached the street, but none was seriously injured. The fire burned furiously for hours, the firemen being utterly unable to cope with it.

When the first brigade arrived the hydrants were found to be frozen and when the water was turned into the hose the pressure would not throw the streams fifty feet. The fire burned itself out. The loss is $300,000. The McClary firm is practically the only stamping firm in the Dominion, and also one of the largest in America.

MUSICAL EVENT EXTRAORDINARY.

Mlle. Zelie DeLussan's Appearance in This City To-night—Announcement.

M'lle Zelie de Lussan, the great soprano, direct from the Metropolitan Grand Opera House, comes to this city to-night and will appear at the Y. M. C. A. this evening. M'lle Zelie de Lussan has arranged a programme of unusual length and technique—and will be accompanied by Angelo Fronani, the noted solo pianist, who possesses the no less rare gift requisite in a sympathetic and artistic accompanist.

The management claims that local music lovers have never before had such an opportunity at their very home theatre or auditorium of hearing such an artist as M'lle de Lussan and their appreciation of her visit to Wilmington will result in packing the Y. M. C. A. to night.

The rumor has been circulated that the people and music lovers of the city would not be able to understand the programme to be rendered. Such is indeed a wrong impression and entirely unjust. M'lle Zelie de Lussan sings her selections in their tongue, but the greater number are in good old English. The finale of the evening being her master piece "Carmen."

All members of the "Star Course" should bear in mind that no seats at $1.00 will be sold at the door, so they had best get them reserved at De Rosset's Book Store to-day. Only $1.50 seats will be sold at the Y. M. C. to-night.

CHARLOTTE SHIPPERS.

Hearing Before the Interstate Commerce Commission Concluded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., January 9.—The hearing of the Charlotte Shippers Association before the Interstate Commerce Commission, was concluded in this city to-day. Mr. McGovern, chairman of the Southern Classification Committee, who was on the witness stand yesterday, concluded his testimony. He was followed by G. R. Knox, general freight agent of the Nashville and Chattanooga road, and E. A. Neil, general freight agent of the Southern Railway.

The argument in the case is to be heard in Washington at a date to be fixed by the commission.

WARM WIRELETS.

Ernest Davis, colored, was executed in Manchester, Va., yesterday for the murder of John Henry Stokes, another negro. Davis confessed on the scaffold.

Turner Harris, Emanuel Watts, Meade Crawford and James Hunter, negro miners, were killed at the Short creek coal mines, Birmingham, Ala., by the premature explosion of a blast.

A favorable report has been authorized on the Senate bill increasing the salaries of justices of the Supreme Court and other judges of the United States, with certain amendments which reduces the salaries proposed for circuit judges to $7,000 and district judges to $6,000.

The total bank clearings at the principal cities for the week ending to-day were $2,996 927,124, an increase of 6.2 per cent. as compared with the corresponding week of last year. Outside of New York city the total clearings were $980,965,427, an increase of 6 4 per cent.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

DON'T FREEZE in the cold. Have a gas radiator placed in your bed-room. Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co. jan 10 1t

WANTED—By all round man, position in wholesale or retail grocery store. Married and settled. Not afraid of work. A 1 reference. Address "H," STAR office. jan 8 4t

NOTICE is hereby given that I will apply to the Board of Aldermen of the city of Wilmington and the Board of Commissioners of the county of New Hanover for license to retail spirituous liquors at 30. Taylor street. D Gibson & Co. jan 9 3t

THE MECHANICS' HOME Association opens a new series of Building and Loan stock every January and July. N. Jacobi President. W. N. Cumming, Secretary jan 7 1f

PIPE ORGANS and Pianos tuned. For a short time I will be at 114 South third street. Please send orders early. John G. Russell, jan 6 1w

NOTICE—The tug-boat LaChiquita having been sold by J. L. Ross to Peter Simpson, all persons having claims against said boat will present them to me within thirty days from the date of this notice. This the 15th day of December, 1902. Robert G. Grady. dec 19 30t

CALL at Winstead's for all kinds of foreign and domestic fruit; Bananas a specialty. No. 218 Market and 215 North Front street. Bell Phones 208 and 627. oc 19 1f

SEWING MACHINES, Typewriters, Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and revarnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Grunan's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. B. Parker, No. 604 North Second street. my 13 1f

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1902: Galveston, 1,447,416 bales; New Orleans, 1,467,998; Mobile, 153,803; Savannah, 940,116; Charleston, 179,271; Wilmington, 280,376; Norfolk, 341,508; Baltimore, 16,307; New York, 23,206; Boston, 31,674; Newport News, 11,681; Philadelphia, 14,190; Brunswick, 72,472; Fernandina, 450; Pensacola, 82,101; Port Arthur, 31,361; Port Townsend, 59,845; San Francisco, 22,736; Portland, Ore., 1,541. Total, 5,219,421 bales.

Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic will drive out every trace and taint of Grip Poison from the blood and do its work quick and do it right. Old and neglected cases of Grip are quickly cured by a course of this wonderful medicine. Write to A. B. Girardeau, Savannah, Ga., for Agency.

"There is a Best In Everything! In Paint It's Davis'."

Guaranteed 100 Per Cent. Pure,

This is putting it mighty strong, but it is nevertheless true.

Be Wise in Your Economy.

Don't be deceived by the argument that it costs less to paint your building with inferior or adulterated paint, because the paint costs less per gallon.
Sold and guaranteed by

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,
Sole Distributors,
dec 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Seed Potatoes

JANUARY ARRIVAL.

EARLY ROSE,
WHITE BLISS,
POLARIS, BOVEE.

All early varieties and adapted to this soil and climate.

Spring Oats, Wheat.

Book your orders.

THE WORTH CO.,
jan 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Wanted Raw Furs.

20,000 O'POSSUMS.
10,000 COONS.
5,000 SKUNKS.
3,000 FOX.
2,000 MINKS.
1,000 OTTERS.

Highest cash prices paid and quotations furnished by applying to

SAM'L BEAR, SR., & SONS,
Wilmington, N. C.,
dec 24 tf 9 Market Street.

Tobacco Fertilizer.

2,480 Bags 8-7-2 per ct. Tobacco Fertilizer
2,160 " 8-9-3 per ct. " "
2,519 " 8-4-4 per ct, " "
3,117 " Kainit.
1,555 " 13 per cent. A id.
2,121 " 14 per cent. Acid.
1,844 Bags C. C. Meal.
181 Bags Nitrate Soda.

Close prices. Cash or time.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
jan 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the next General Assembly for the passage of an Act granting a charter to the Elizabeth City and Carolina Through Line Railroad Co., (or other name suggested at time of making application) to build a railroad from Wilmington, N. C., to Elizabeth City, N. C. January 1st, 1903.
jan 7 1m ROBERT G. GRADY.

"THE FAVORITE."

"The Favorite" Barber Shop is now more attractive than ever. Recent improvements make it more pleasing to the eye; while it still maintains its old reputation for the very best service to its patrons.
oc 29 3f GUION & DAVIS, 7 South Front Street.

Church Notices.

Rev. A. D McClure, D. D., expects to preach at Pearsall School House, East Wilmington, Sabbath afternoon at 4 o'clock.

First Baptist Church, Rev. Calvin S. Black; well, D. D., pastor. 11 A. M. "Annual Roll Call." 7:30 P. M., "The Loss of Our Loved Ones."

Bladen Street Methodist Church, corner of Fifth and Bladen streets. Rev. Geo. R. Webster, pastor. Services Sunday 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school, J. R. Taylor, superintendent, 3:30 P. M. Mid-week praise service Wednesday 7:30 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. John M. Wells, Ph. D., pastor. Divine services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 5:0 P. M. the public invited. Seats free.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. J. N. Cole. Services Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School, W. B. Cooper, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.00 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick Sts. Rev. J. L. Vipperman, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Front street near Queen. Rev. C. W. Trawick, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. conducted by Dr. Geo. C Worth. The evening service at 7.30 P. M. will be conducted both the pastor, Rev. C. W Trawick. Sunday school at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 o'clock, conducted by the Christian Endeavor society. The public cordially invited.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be services every Sunday night at 8 o'clock. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M.

Southside Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster. Services Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 3 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. Young Men's meeting Friday night at 8 o'clock.

J. W Murchison & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE,

No. 109 and 111 North Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

Hardware of every description at the very closest prices. We buy in car load lots and can sell cheaper than those who buy in smaller quantities.

Complete line of Agricultural Implements and Mechanics' Tools. We can sell you from a Tack Hammer to a Steam Engine, and from a Plow Point to the latest improved Farming Machinery.

Fine stock of Cutlery, Guns, Pistols and Sporting Goods. Loaded Shells with black or smokeless Powder, Hunting Suits, Game Bags, etc.

Cook ng Stoves and Steel Ranges from the largest to the smallest in size as well as price. Tinware, Agate Ware and Wooden Ware, Buckets for the well and domestic purposes. Plows, Harrows, Sweeps, Hoes, Shovels and Spades at prices to suit the farmer. Knives and Forks, Cutlery, etc. Cart Axles, Boxes Collars and Hames, Tire Chains, Backbands and everything need on a well regulated farm.
jan 8 1f

Begin the New Year

AND CHEW

"Showdown" Tobacco.
"Showdown" Tobacco.
"Showdown" Tobacco.

This brand has quality and is a good seller—handle it and increase your business. We handle all brands well known on the market and are headquarters for Tobaccos and Cigars. None better than

Cuban Blossom,
Renown, Renown
Topical Twist Head.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
Distributors for brands of American and Continental Tobacco Co. jan 4 1f

OFFICE SUPPLIES.

Ledgers, Journals,
Cash Books,
Letter Books,
Memo. Books.
Inks and Mucilage,
Paste and Glue,
Letter Boxes and Baskets,
Pens and Pencils,
Files of all kinds.

I have any thing you need in your office. Write for prices.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,
The Stationer,
dec 20 tf 107 Market St

Bananas!

Bananas!!

A NICE LOT OF YELLOW FRUIT just received.

Can serve you all.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
dec 31 tf

FERTILIZER

Baugh's Pure Animal Bone Goods.

Acid Phosphate,
Kainit, Nitrate Soda,
Muriate Potash, Fish Scrap.

HALL & PEARSALL.
jan 7 tf

We Will Bond You.

The United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company. Home office, Baltimore, Md.

Paid Up Capital, $1,500,000

Surety Bonds.

Fidelity Contract Judicial,

Judicial Bonds executed without delay. State and county officials bonded.

Burglar Insurance.

Banks, Stores, Residences insured against burglary or theft.
Correspondence solicited.
C. D. WEEKS, General Agent,
oc 14 2m Wilmington, N. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE R. R. CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 30th, 1902.

The Board of Directors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company have declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent on the common capital stock of that company. Dividend due and payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Wilmington, N. C., on and after January 10th, 1903. The transfer books will stand closed from December 31st, 1902 to January 10th, 1903.

JAMES F. POST,
dec 31 till Jan. 10. Treasurer.

Family Groceries.

FINE DRESSED

Turkeys, Chickens and Eggs.

All kinds of choice Family Groceries.
Cheapest Grocery in the city.

C. O. ALEXANDER.
No. 15 North Second St.
jan 8 1f

The Only Restaurant,

Our Restaurant Has Made a Reputation!

There are thousands of people in this city who when they think of a Restaurant think of a quiet and cosy place where the food is excellent, the service prompt and the prices moderate. It is now an assured success.

Orders for Plants, Floral Designs, Cut Flowers, Bouquets, &c, filled promptly and at reasonable prices.

CHARLES ANDERSON & CO.
Telephone 718. jan 3 1f

A. D. BROWN. THE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF **A. D. BROWN.**

Embroideries for 1903.

The Newest, Finest Brought to This Market.

In Cambric, Nansooks and Swiss Edgings.

Insertions and Ribbon Beadings.

The Patterns are exquisite cut out edges and wide margains.

SWISS CAMBRIC, NANSOOK ALLOVERS.

Delicate Baby designs, elaborate opened work effects and scores of new ideas with vines, scrolls, stripes and wheel patterns. jan 7 1f

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

"District Agents" for the

"CLARKS CUTAWAY DISC HARROWS,"

One of the greatest labor-saving machines known, and such work as it does cannot be done by any other machine made.

In a few days will show one of the largest and finest lines of American and English double and single breech Loading Shot Guns ever brought to this market.

sep 17 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

THANKS!

One Price Marked in Plain Figures. Liberal Terms to the Right People.

I desire to express my sincere thanks to my friends for the more than liberal patronage they have extended me during the past year, and with the hope that they have had a merry Christmas, wish them a happy and prosperous "New Year."

If any one has neglected to do their duty Xmas, or wish to "reciprocate" New Year, I have a few "left overs" at a reduced price.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties, 111 Market St.
Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.
dec 29 tf

ATLANTIC TRUST AND BANKING CO.,

16 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Solicits your account. Pays 4 per cent. interest on deposits, compounded quarterly. Deposits made on or before January 2nd will draw interest from January 1st.

MATT J. MEYER, President, H. H. J. AHRENS, Vice President
MITCHELL P. ALLEN, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
L. B. Rogers, J. G. L. Gieschen, H. H. J. Ahrens, B. Solomon, Martin O'Brien, R. R. Bellamy, John H. Kuck'l. M. Bear, C. W. Yates, D. McEachern, Matt J. Meyer. dec 25 tf

New Embroidery Received.

We have just received a large stock of Embroidery, beautiful in design and positively the cheapest ever before offered. Special sale this week.

S. & B. SOLOMON.
jan 6 tf

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,

OF WILMINGTON N. C.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the Bank Tuesday, January 13th, 1903, at 11 o'clock.

J. V. CRAINGER,
jan 9 tf CASHIER.

$28,397.25

Was paid out in interest to depositors by this bank during 1902. If you are not receiving any of this amount, why not open an account to-day? Your money is safe, is subject to your check at any time, and is working for you day and night. Four per cent. interest paid on all deposits of $5.00 and upwards. Investigate us.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,
108 Princess Street.
J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
jan 8 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

Notice to Depositors.

Interest for the quarter ending January 1st, 1903, is now due and payable. Depositors are requested to bring in their books at their convenience to have interest entered.

The People's Savings Bank,
Opposite the Postoffice.
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 3 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

We have on hand a fresh shipment of

WILEY'S CANDIES,

THE BEST MADE.

HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.
jan 1 tf Call both 'Phones 55.

Call and Examine Our

FINE LOT OF

Christmas Goods.

Royal Cluster Raisins.
Finest Seeded Raisins and Currants.
Freshest Nuts of all kinds, shelled and in the shell.
Roquefort, Edam and Pineapple Cheese,
and almost every other article in our line for the Holidays.

WILMINGTON GROCERY CO.,
JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT, Manager.
Both 'Phones No. 14. dec 16 tf